



1. 간접의문문

2. Here+동사+일반명사/Here+대명사+동사

Pattern 1. 간접의문문

- Actual Test | 주관식
- Actual Test | 실전 Practice

Pattern 2. 「Here+동사+일반명사」 ...

- Actual Test | 주관식
- Actual Test | 실전 Practice

Pattern 1. 간접의문문

간접의문문은 의문문 그대로 물어보는 것이 아니라 다른 문장에 포함되어 간접적으로 물어보는 형태이다. 간접의문문의 어순은 '의문사+주어+동사'이다.

1. Do you know what your grandparents did for a living?

당신은 조부모님들의 직업이 무엇이었는지 알고 있나요?

이 문장은 Do you know?와 What did your grandparents do for a living?이 한 문장으로 합쳐지면서 만들어진 간접의문문이 포함된 문장이다.

2. I wonder what Gildong is doing.

나는 길동이가 뭘 하고 있는 건지 궁금해.

I wonder ~.은 어떤 것에 대해 궁금할 때 사용하는 표현으로, wonder 다음에는 의문사절이나 if(weather)절이 주로 온다. 이 문장에서는 간접의문문절인 what Gildong is doing이 목적어로 쓰였다. I'm curious about ~.이나 I'd be (very) interested to know ~. 등으로 바꾸어 쓸 수 있다.

Pattern 2. 「Here+동사+일반명사」 ...

도치란 문장 구성의 순서가 바뀌는 것을 말하는데 주로 어떤 것을 강조하기 위해서 쓴다. 부사 Here가 문장의 맨 앞에 온 도치 구문에서는 뒤따라오는 명사에 따라 어순이 달라진다.

- 「Here + 동사 + 일반명사」
- 「Here + 대명사 + 동사」

1. Here are some of the most interesting ones.

여기 가장 흥미로운 것들 중 몇 가지가 있습니다.

here(여기에)는 부사로서 문장의 맨 앞에 위치할 때는, 주어와 동사의 자리가 도치되어 'Here+동사+일반명사(주어)'의 순으로 쓰며 '여기에 ~하다/~이다'로 해석된다. 하지만 주어로 대명사가 올 때에는 'Here+대명사(주어)+동사'의 순서로 쓴다.

2. Look! Here comes Thor!

저기 봐! 토르가 온다!

'Here is[are] ~.'는 '여기에 ~이 있다.'라는 뜻으로 원래 문장은 'Thor comes here.'이지만 부사 here가 문장의 앞으로 와서 주어와 동사가 도치되어 「부사(Here)+동사(comes)+주어(Thor)」의 순서가 되었다.

3. Here he comes!

여기 그가 오잖아!

장소의 부사 here가 문장 앞에 오면 주어와 동사가 도치되지만 주어로 대명사(he)가 쓰이면 도치되지 않고, 'Here+대명사(he)+동사(comes)'의 어순이 된다.

Pattern 1. 간접의문문

Part 1

■ Choose the correct word:

알맞은 단어를 고르시오.

1. Do you know (where she is / where is she) from?¹⁾
2. I'm not sure (that / whether) he likes the book or not.²⁾
3. I asked (if / what) she could help me.³⁾
4. Could you tell me (where is the post office / where the post office is)?⁴⁾
5. I'd like to know (why she is happy / why is she happy).⁵⁾
6. I wonder (where I put the bag / where did I put the bag).⁶⁾
7. Do you know (what movie she wants to see / what movie does she want to see)?⁷⁾
8. (Do you think who / Who do you think) that woman is?⁸⁾
9. (Who do you know / Who do you believe / Do you believe who) committed the crime?⁹⁾
10. Where do you (think / know) he is now?¹⁰⁾

Part 2

■ Complete the questions:

질문을 완성하십시오.

1. A: Can you tell me _____?¹⁾
B: My name is Jun.
2. A: I want to know _____?²⁾
B: I'm from Japan.
3. A: I wonder _____.³⁾
B: I like it. It's good.
4. A: Do you know _____?⁴⁾
B: She has three brothers.
5. A: Tell me _____.⁵⁾
B: I'm drinking tea.
6. A: Can you tell me _____?⁶⁾
B: Yes. She likes spaghetti.
7. A: Do you know _____?⁷⁾
B: Yes. He likes his job very much.
8. A: Do you know _____?⁸⁾
B: Yes, I do. He is from England.
9. A: Do you know _____?⁹⁾
B: Yes. It starts at 1 P.M.
10. A: I have no idea _____.¹⁰⁾
B: Your coat is on the bed.
11. A: What do your parents _____
in your free time?¹¹⁾
B: They let me read books.

Part 3

■ Change the questions below to indirect ones:

다음 문장을 간접의문문으로 바꿔 쓰시오.

1. What does that sentence mean?¹⁾
→ Do you know _____?
2. How can I get to your school?²⁾
→ Can you tell me _____?
3. Who broke the window?³⁾
→ I don't know _____.
4. Why did he leave here?⁴⁾
→ Please tell me _____.
5. Where does she live?⁵⁾
→ I don't know _____.
6. Do you love Mike?⁶⁾
→ I wonder _____.
7. How long should I wait?⁷⁾
→ I want to know _____.
8. Did you pass the exam?⁸⁾
→ Please tell me _____.
9. Where did Sora go yesterday?⁹⁾
→ Do you know _____?
10. Does he express himself in English?¹⁰⁾
→ I wonder _____.
11. When does the bank close?¹¹⁾
→ Please tell me _____.
12. Why is he laughing?¹²⁾
→ I don't know _____.
13. What made her so happy?¹³⁾
→ Can you tell me _____?
14. Why didn't you agree with him?¹⁴⁾
→ Please tell me _____.

15. How far is it from here to the airport?¹⁵⁾
→ Do you know _____?
16. Can she swim?¹⁶⁾
→ Could you tell me _____?
17. When does the concert start?¹⁷⁾
→ Please tell me _____.
18. What does it mean?¹⁸⁾
→ I don't know _____.
19. Did Kate meet him yesterday?¹⁹⁾
→ Do you know _____?
20. Where did Sara go?²⁰⁾
→ I wonder _____.
21. Where did you buy this cup?²¹⁾
→ She asks me _____.
22. Were there many people at the park?²²⁾
→ Could you tell me _____?
23. Did Kevin wash the dishes last night?²³⁾
→ Do you know _____?
24. Which color does Ross like better?²⁴⁾
→ Do you know _____?
25. Is it important?²⁵⁾
→ I wonder _____.
26. How much does it cost to park here?²⁶⁾
→ Can you tell me _____?
27. Did he arrive at the airport on time?²⁷⁾
→ Do you know _____?
28. Did she receive my letter?²⁸⁾
→ Can you tell me _____?
29. How did you solve the problem?²⁹⁾
→ I want to know _____.

Part 4

■ When you combine the two sentences into one, fill in the blanks:

다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 쓸 때, 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.

1. Who made this cake? Could you tell me?¹⁾
→ Could you tell me _____
_____?

2. Does she like Paul? Do you know?²⁾
→ Do you know _____
_____?

3. How much will it cost? Do you have any idea?³⁾
→ Do you have any idea _____
_____?

4. Why did Sam leave? I don't know.⁴⁾
→ I don't know _____.

5. I wonder it. What time does the movie start?⁵⁾
→ I wonder _____
_____.

6. Where does he come from? Jane asked Mark.⁶⁾
→ Jane asked Mark _____
_____.

7. Is it cold outside? Alex wants to know it.⁷⁾
→ Alex wants to know _____
_____.

8. Did you book tickets for the concert? I was wondering it.⁸⁾
→ I was wondering _____

_____.

Part 5

■ Combine the two sentences:

다음 두 문장을 합치시오.

1. 1)
• Do you think?
• What is he making?

2. 2)
• Do you know?
• When did he arrive?

3. 3)
• Do you believe?
• Who is right?

4. 4)
• I wonder.
• How old is your brother?

5. 5)
• Do you think?
• Which is the faster way to go there?

6. 6)
• He wants to know.
• When did she arrive at home?

7. 7)
• We can't predict.
• The weather is going to be fine.

8. 8)
• I know.
• What did you do after school yesterday?

9. 9)

- Do you know?
- Where does he live?

10. 10)

- Can you tell me?
- What does Judy want?

11. 11)

- She asks me.
- Where does Jackson live?

12. 12)

- Can you explain?
- Why are you late?

13. 13)

- Do you think?
- Who will win the race?

14. 14)

- Do you guess?
- Where did you lose your camera?

15. 15)

- Do you know?
- When did he go to travel?

16. 16)

- Do you think?
- How old is he?

17. 17)

- Do you suppose?
- Where does he come from?

18. 18)

- Do you believe?
- When did they left?

19. 19)

- Do you think?
- What should we do to get out of here?

20. 20)

- I wonder.
- Is Ms. Brown my homeroom teacher?

21. 21)

- I don't know.
- Does Susan have a digital camera?

22. 22)

- I don't remember.
- How did Harry Potter get magical powers?

23. 23)

- Do you think?
- Why did Cathy go home early?

24. 24)

- I'd like to know.
- What kind of food do you like?

25. 25)

- Can you tell me.
- How did you become famous?

26. 26)

- Please tell me.
- What is it?

27. 27)

- Do you guess?
- Who can solve the quiz?

28. 28)

- Do you think?
- Why did he move to the country?

29. 29)

- Do you think?
- What time will he leave?

30. 30)

- Can you tell me?
- What kind of music do you like?

31. 31)

- Do you suppose?
- What action should we take?

32. 32)

- Do you know?
- Why is he waiting outside?

33. 33)

- I wonder.
- Did he meet his father?

34. 34)

- I would like to know.
- Is Jane coming to the party?

35. 35)

- Do you think?
- What does he want to do?

36. 36)

- Can you tell me?
- Who is the girl?

37. 37)

- He doesn't know.
- When does the concert begin?

38. 38)

- Please tell me.
- Does she live here?

39. 39)

- Do you think?
- When did she leave for Paris?

40. 40)

- I want to know.
- Did the police officer catch the criminal?

41. 41)

- I wonder.
- Did John call this morning?

42. 42)

- Do you think?
- What do you want to eat for dinner?

43. 43)

- I want to know.
- Is Jane in the office?

Part 6

■ Find out a grammatical error in each of the sentences, and rewrite the whole sentence:

문법적 오류를 찾아 전체 문장을 다시 쓰시오.

1. Do you think what he has in his hand?¹⁾
2. I don't know when does the museum close.²⁾
3. Do you know how much should I pay?³⁾
4. Please tell me who did solve the problem.⁴⁾
5. I wonder can your group finish the project.⁵⁾
6. I couldn't understand why he says like that.⁶⁾
7. Do you believe who broke the window?⁷⁾
8. I don't know where is Hungary.⁸⁾
9. She asked me when did the show start.⁹⁾
10. Do you know how Ann is old?¹⁰⁾
11. I wonder why did she leave so soon.¹¹⁾
12. Do you remember when did you see him last?¹²⁾
13. Tell me how tall are you.¹³⁾
14. Can you tell me when will you come back home?¹⁴⁾
15. I want to know what kinds of movies does my sister like.¹⁵⁾
16. Can you tell me what he likes me or not?¹⁶⁾
17. Could you tell me what can I do for you?¹⁷⁾
18. I don't know why did he come back.¹⁸⁾
19. I'm not sure if is the answer correct.¹⁹⁾
20. Do you think who will win the game?²⁰⁾
21. Do you know how a giraffe lives long?²¹⁾
22. Who do you know ate my cookies?²²⁾
23. Do you believe what the truth is?²³⁾
24. She would like to know if Mr. Park goes to work yesterday.²⁴⁾
25. Please tell me if is this your first trip to Taiwan.²⁵⁾

Part 7

■ Complete the dialogues:

다음 대화를 완성하십시오.

<보기>

A: Where is my watch?

B: I don't know where your watch is.

1. A: Where is your sister?¹⁾
B: I don't know _____.
2. A: What time is it?²⁾
B: I don't know _____.
3. A: What do you like most?³⁾
B: I can't choose _____.
4. A: Where is the bus stop?⁴⁾
B: I'm not sure _____.
5. A: What time does the opening ceremony start?⁵⁾
B: I don't know _____.
6. A: Who is she?⁶⁾
B: I don't know _____.
7. A: How much is it?⁷⁾
B: I'm not sure _____.
8. A: Why is he shouting so loudly?⁸⁾
B: I don't know _____.
9. A: When will dinner be ready?⁹⁾
B: I'm not sure _____.
10. A: Where is the post office?¹⁰⁾
B: I'm sorry, but I don't know _____.
11. A: Who cleaned my room?¹¹⁾
B: I don't know _____.
12. A: When does the movie start?¹²⁾
B: I'm sorry, but I don't know _____.
13. A: What subject does she like most?¹³⁾
B: I don't know _____.
14. A: Does she enjoy dancing?¹⁴⁾
B: I don't know _____.

Part 8

■ Put the following words into the right order:

다음 단어들을 알맞은 순서로 배열하십시오.

1. Tell me (I, how, the bike, can fix).¹⁾
2. Let's decide (when, will, meet, we).²⁾
3. Bill wanted to know (got, Mary, upset, why).³⁾
4. I can't remember (my camera, where, left, I).⁴⁾
5. (you, think, what, do) they are talking about?⁵⁾
6. (know, when, you, do) your father will come home?⁶⁾
7. I'm not sure (store, whether, is, the, open) on Sundays.⁷⁾
8. I don't know (it, rain, if, will) tomorrow.⁸⁾
9. (do, how, think, you) I can get to the museum?⁹⁾
10. (think, you, what, do) they are watching?¹⁰⁾
11. Can you tell me (can, find, where, I, the bank)?¹¹⁾
12. (you, believe, who, do) broke the window?¹²⁾
13. (when, think, you, do) he will come back?¹³⁾
14. I don't remember (is, what, in, the, box).¹⁴⁾

Part 9

■ Put the following words into the right order.

다음 단어들을 알맞은 순서로 배열하십시오.

1. 너는 그 가수가 왜 인기 있는지 알고 있니?¹⁾
(the singer, know, popular, you, why, is, do)

2. 너는 그가 왜 너를 놀린다고 생각하니?²⁾
(think, you, why, teases, do, you, he)

3. 너는 그가 왜 실패했다고 믿니?³⁾
(you, he, believe, do, why, failed)

4. 너는 그 사고가 어떻게 일어났다고 추측하니?⁴⁾
(happened, do, the accident, you, how, suppose)

5. 너는 그가 왜 그녀를 좋아한다고 생각하니?⁵⁾
(think, likes, do, he, her, why, you)

6. 나는 그녀가 내 생일 파티에 올 것인지 궁금하다.⁶⁾
(I, if, she, to, wonder, come, birthday, my, party, will)

7. 너는 그들이 무엇에 대해 이야기할 것이라고 생각 하나요?⁷⁾
(think, about, you, talk, they, what, do, will)

8. 너는 검은 옷을 입은 남자가 누구라고 생각하니?⁸⁾
(black, is, you, do, the man, in, who, think)

9. 당신 삶의 가장 행복한 순간은 언제일 것이라고 생각하는가?⁹⁾
(when, will, the happiest, you, do, your, moment, be, of, think, life)

10. 그녀는 그녀의 친구가 제시간에 도착할지 궁금하다.¹⁰⁾
(her, on, will, time, wonders, friend, if, arrive, she)

11. 나는 그녀의 전화번호가 뭔지 모르겠어.¹¹⁾
(don't, number, what, I, is, know, her, phone)

12. 깃발이 처음에 어떻게 생겨났는지 아무도 확실히 알지 못합니다.¹²⁾
(flags, came, first, about, no one, for sure, how, knows)

13. 나는 나의 팀이 그 경기를 이길 수 있을지 궁금하다.¹³⁾
(win, wonder, team, I, can, the, if, game, my)

14. Nuri는 Molly가 곰 인형을 좋아하는지 알고 싶다.¹⁴⁾
(a Teddy Bear, if, Molly, wants, likes, Nuri, to, know)

Part 10

Translate the following sentences into English.

다음 문장을 영작하십시오.

1. 너는 그것이 뭔지 아니?¹⁾

know

2. 너는 이게 어떻게 발생하는지 알고 싶니?²⁾

want, how, happen

3. 그는 나에게 그 영화가 언제 시작하는지 물었다.³⁾

ask, will, start

4. 그가 어디에 사는지 내게 말해 주세요.⁴⁾

please, tell, live

5. 저는 당신의 취미가 무엇인지 알고 싶어요.⁵⁾

want, know, hobbies

6. 나는 그가 파티에 올 것인지 모르겠다.⁶⁾

know, will, come, the party

7. 나는 그가 무슨 말을 하는지 알아들을 수 없었다.⁷⁾

could, hear, say

8. 나는 그들이 왜 화가 났는지 이해하지 못하겠다.⁸⁾

understand, angry

9. 아무도 그가 어디로 갔는지 모른다.⁹⁾

no, know, go

10. 너는 과학자들이 왜 나를 화성에 보냈는지 아니?¹⁰⁾

know, send, Mars

11. 그 숙녀는 그녀가 누군지 몰랐다.¹¹⁾

the lady, know

12. Tom은 그가 16살인지 궁금하다.¹²⁾

wonder, old

13. 나는 그의 직업이 무엇인지 궁금했다.¹³⁾

wonder, job

14. 너는 외교관이 무엇인지 알고 있니?¹⁴⁾

know, a diplomat

15. 당신은 그 남자에게 어떤 문제가 있다고 생각하는가?¹⁵⁾

think, wrong, with, the man

16. 너는 문제가 뭐라고 생각하니?¹⁶⁾

think, the problem

17. Tom은 Jane이 그녀의 남동생을 사랑하는지 궁금하다.¹⁷⁾

wonder, love

18. 그녀는 내가 과학 시험에서 어떻게 A를 받았는지 물었다.¹⁸⁾

ask, get, an A

on my science test.

19. 여러분이 어떤 사람인지 알아야 합니다.¹⁹⁾

have to, know, kind of, person

20. 너는 그녀가 왜 늦는지 아니?²⁰⁾

know, late

21. 내 책들이 어디 있는지 내게 말해줄래?²¹⁾

can, tell

22. 우리는 우리의 미래가 어떤 모습일지 궁금했었습니다.²²⁾

wonder, might, look, like

23. 나는 열쇠를 어디에 두었는지 확실치 않다.²³⁾

sure, put, the key

24. 매일 밤 나는 내가 다음날 무엇을 해야 하는지에 대해 생각한다.²⁴⁾

think, should, the next day

Every night _____

25. 그녀는 그것이 크고 갈색인지 알고 싶다.²⁵⁾

want, know, big

26. 그는 Sujin이 공항에 언제 도착할지 모른다.²⁶⁾

know, be going to, arrive

_____ at the airport.

27. 여러분은 스스로에게 자신이 무엇을 정말 좋아하는지 물어보아야 한다.²⁷⁾

need, ask, really, like

■ 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 괄호 안에 주어진 단어를 이용하여 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.

1. 너는 오늘 그가 뭘 했는지를 아니? (do)¹⁾
 → Do you know _____ today?

2. 당신이 언제 파리를 떠날지 나에게 말해주시겠어요? (leave)²⁾
 → Could you tell me _____ Paris?

■ 다음 대화의 괄호 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것을 골라 쓰시오.

3. ³⁾
 A: Do you know what (Andy ate / did Andy eat) for lunch?
 B: He ate pizza.

4. ⁴⁾
 A: Do you know where (Andy is / is Andy) from?
 B: He is from New York.

5. ⁵⁾
 A: Do you know which subject (Andy likes / does Andy like)?
 B: He likes English.

■ 다음 괄호 안의 단어를 바르게 배열하여 문장을 완성하시오.

6. Please tell me (you, want, what, buy, to).⁶⁾

7. I'm not sure if (is, correct, the answer).⁷⁾

8. She asked him (he, whether, her, liked).⁸⁾

■ 다음 <보기>와 같이 직접의문문을 간접의문문으로 바꿔 쓸 때, 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.

<보기>
 Which one do you like the best?
 → Tell me which one you like the best.

9. Who is the boy?⁹⁾
 → Do you know _____?

10. Where can I get a ticket?¹⁰⁾
 → Can you tell me _____?

11. Why do you like the movie?¹¹⁾
 → I want to know _____?

12. When does she go back?¹²⁾
 → Please tell me _____?

■ 다음 인터뷰에서 나올 수 있는 예상 질문을 아래와 같이 바꾸어 쓸 때, 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.

13. How old are you?¹³⁾
 → Can you tell us _____?

14. What is your favorite sport?¹⁴⁾
 → Please let us know _____.

15. How good is your English?¹⁵⁾
 → We'd like to know _____.

16. What is your favorite subject?¹⁶⁾
 → Can you tell us _____?

■ 다음 학교 홈페이지를 참고하여 물음을 완성하십시오.

Hana Middle School

- Class Hours: 9 a.m. ~ 3 p.m.
- Address: Hagik-dong, Incheon
- Closest Station: Incheon Station
- Phone: 870-8700

17. Can you tell me _____?¹⁷⁾
→ The class starts at 9 a.m.

18. Can you tell me _____?¹⁸⁾
→ The class ends at 3 p.m.

19. Can I ask _____?¹⁹⁾
→ The school is in Hagik-dong, Incheon.

20. Can I ask _____?²⁰⁾
→ The closest station is Incheon Station.

■ 다음 <보기>에서 알맞은 표현을 골라 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 넣어 대화를 완성하십시오.

<보기>

how long / when / where / how old

21. A: Has Karen lived here a long time?²¹⁾
B: I don't know _____.

22. A: Is Kelly in her room?²²⁾
B: I'm not sure _____.

23. A: Is the building very old?²³⁾
B: I don't remember _____.

24. A: Will Mr. Kim be here soon?²⁴⁾
B: I have no idea _____.

■ 다음 문장을 괄호 안의 표현과 결합하여 하나의 문장으로 쓰시오.

25. Where is the restroom? (could you tell me)²⁵⁾

26. Where should they go? (they did not know)²⁶⁾

27. Who was he? (nobody knew)²⁷⁾

28. Why was Judy late? (I wonder)²⁸⁾

29. How did he feel? (let's ask him)²⁹⁾

30. 다음 대화의 내용을 아래와 같이 한 문장으로 쓸 때 빈칸에 들어갈 말을 차례대로 쓰시오.³⁰⁾

Jack: Can I borrow your eraser?

Sora: Sure. Here you are.

↓

Jack asked Sora _____ he could borrow _____ eraser.

31. 다음 대화의 밑줄 친 우리말 (1), (2)를 각각 영작하십시오.³¹⁾

P: Can I ask you some questions about the incident?

W: Sure.

P: Do you know when it happened?

W: I remember it happened around 7 a.m.

P: (1)도둑이 무엇을 입고 있었는지 기억나요?

W: He was wearing a yellow shirt.

P: I have one more question. (2)도둑이 무엇을 하고 있었는지 제게 말씀해주시겠어요?

W: He was stealing gold rings. So I called the police.

P: Thank you for answering my questions.

32. 다음 Bomi와 Mina의 대화를 읽고, 괄호 안의 단어를 사용하여 문장을 완성하십시오.³²⁾

Bomi: The woman looks familiar. I think I've seen her before.

Mina: That's Lisa. She is one of our school teachers.

Bomi: Really? What subject does she teach?

Mina: She is a music teacher.

(1) Mina knows _____. (who)

(2) Bomi asks Mina _____. (what)

■ Rewrite the following sentences as shown in the example.

<Example>

Do you have any hobbies? - Mina

→ He wonders if Mina has any hobbies.

33. Are you Korean? - Inho³³⁾

→ He doesn't know _____.

34. Did you enjoy the party last night? - Julie³⁴⁾

→ He asked Julie _____.

35. Is it going to rain?³⁵⁾

→ He is not sure _____.

■ 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓸 때, 잘못된 부분을 찾아 문장 전체를 다시 쓰시오.

36. ³⁶⁾

Do you suppose? + How long does it take?

→ Do you suppose how long it take?

37. ³⁷⁾

I wonder. + Did he buy the red shirt?

→ I wonder that he buy the red shirt.

38. ³⁸⁾

Do you know? + When does she visit the nursing home?

→ When do you know does she visit the nursing home?

39. 다음 우리말을 괄호 안의 단어를 사용하여 영작하십시오.(필요시 단어의 형태를 변형할 것)³⁹⁾

경찰이 그 도둑을 어디에서 잡았다고 추측하니?

(suppose, catch)

40. 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 빈칸에 알맞은 표현을 완성하십시오.(단, 간접의문문으로 쓸 것)⁴⁰⁾

Minsu가 무슨 음악을 듣는지를 나에게 말해 줄래?

→ Can you tell me _____?

41. 다음 우리말을 참고하여 주어진 두 문장을 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓰시오.⁴¹⁾

Do you think? What does he want?

(너는 그가 무엇을 원한다고 생각하니?)

→ _____
_____?

42. 다음 대화의 밑줄 친 부분에서 어법상 어색한 부분을 찾아 고쳐 쓰시오.⁴²⁾

A: Can I ask you some questions about the incident?

B: Sure.

A: Do you know (1)when happened it?

B: I remember it happened around 7 a.m.

A: Do you remember (2)what the thief wearing was?

B: He was wearing a yellow shirt.

A: I have one more question.

Can you tell me (3)what was the thief doing?

B: He was stealing gold rings. So I called the police.

A: Thank you for answering my questions.

(1) _____ → _____

(2) _____ → _____

(3) _____ → _____

■ 다음 <보기>에 주어진 질문을 사용하여 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.

<보기>

- Who is the prettiest woman in the world?
- When will I meet a prince?
- Where is my princess?
- How can I help Snow White?

e.g. The queen wonders who the prettiest woman in the world is.

43. Snow White wonders _____^{.43)}

44. The prince is curious about _____^{.44)}

45. The dwarf wants to know _____^{.45)}

46. 다음 대화의 빈칸 (1)~(5)에 들어갈 말을 <보기>에서 골라 활용하여 쓰시오.(단, 한 번씩만 사용할 것)⁴⁶⁾

<보기>

- When will she come back?
- What do you mean?
- Would you like coffee?
- Why are you looking for her?
- Where is Jill?

A: Hi, do you happen to know (1)_____?

B: No, I have no idea. May I ask you (2)_____?

A: Of course. I am supposed to see her here.

B: I'm afraid you can't see her.

A: Can I ask you (3)_____?

B: She left here right before. She seemed to have something to do. She hurried to leave.

A: (4)_____ do you suppose _____?

B: I'm not sure. Anyway, I wonder (5)_____.

A: Sure.

■ 다음 괄호 안의 단어들을 바르게 배열하여 대화를 완성하십시오.

47. ⁴⁷⁾

A: Do you know (what, bought, she)?

B: No, I don't. What did she buy?

48. ⁴⁸⁾

A: Who is he? Do you know?

B: Of course, I know (he, who, is).

49. ⁴⁹⁾

A: I want to know (your, use, I, computer, if, can) tomorrow. Mine is broken.

B: Sure. Come to my house after lunch.

50. ⁵⁰⁾

A: Do you know (1)(began, of, the story, Pinocchio, where)?

B: Yes, it began in Tuscany, Italy.

A: I am wondering (2)(why, nose, longer, Pinocchio's, became).

B: It became longer when he told a lie.

51. ⁵¹⁾

A: Don't you remember that you have to clean the classroom after school?

B: I forgot it. Tell me (1)(I, do, should, what).

A: Well, why don't you ask Mr. Smith, then?

B: (2)(if, I, wonder, is, he) in the teacher's room.

A: I am sure he is there now.

52. ⁵²⁾

A: Can you tell me (1)(why, became, you, an actor)?

B: I love acting. I can experience other people's lives.

A: Please tell me (2)(new, what, is, movie, about, your).

B: Sure. It is about a father's love. I wonder (3)(there's, if, like him, a father).

■ 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓰시오.

53. 53)

- I don't know.
- How old is he?

54. 54)

- Do you know?
- What is this?

55. 55)

- Do you know?
- Where does Mi-na live?

56. 56)

- I don't know.
- What does Mr. Kim have?

57. 57)

- Let me know if ...
- Did you finish the science report?

58. 58)

- Please check if ...
- Does the copy machine need paper?

59. 59)

- I wonder ...
- How much does this shirt cost?

60. 60)

- Let's ask ...
- Is this bus schedule correct?

61. 다음 밑줄 친 부분을 바르게 고쳐 쓰시오.⁶¹⁾

I wonder what does she do in her free time.

→ I wonder _____ in her free time.

62. 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.⁶²⁾

도전해라! 당신의 인생을 돌아봤을 때, 당신이 한 것보다 당신이 하지 않은 것을 더 후회할 것이다.

→ Challenge! When you look back on your life, you'll regret _____ more than what you did.

63. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 것을 2개 찾아 그 기호를 쓰고 바르게 고쳐 쓰시오.⁶³⁾

- (1) Do you know how she is old?
- (2) Can you tell me who she is?
- (3) I don't know where he lives.
- (4) I'd like to know how you did it.
- (5) I wonder who built that building.
- (6) Let me know when will he start.

(기호) _____ (고친 표현)
() _____

() _____

64. 다음 노래 가사의 밑줄 친 (1)과 (2)를 어법상 옳은 문장으로 고쳐 쓰시오.⁶⁴⁾

Let it go, let it go
Turn away and slam the door.
(1) I don't care what are they going to say.
Let the storm rage on.
The cold never bothered me anyway.
(2) It's time to see what can I do.
To test the limits and break through
No right, no wrong, no rules for me. I'm free!

(1) _____

(2) _____

1. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?¹⁾

Do you know _____ he is?

- ① whether ② which ③ who
- ④ that ⑤ then

2. 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 괄호 안의 단어들을 바르게 배열할 때, 세 번째로 오는 단어는?²⁾

그 분들이 자신의 일을 좋아하시는지 어떤지 **넌** 알고 있니?

→ Do you (like / know / their / if / they) jobs?

- ① like ② know ③ their ④ if ⑤ they

3. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?(정답2개)³⁾

I don't know _____ he will succeed.

- ① whether ② though ③ because
- ④ so ⑤ if

4. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 적절하지 않은 것은?⁴⁾

When do you _____ his grade will get better?

- ① suppose ② guess ③ know
- ④ think ⑤ believe

5. 다음 우리말을 영작할 때 4번째로 오는 단어는?⁵⁾

그가 언제 도착할 거라고 생각하니?

- ① will ② think ③ he ④ when ⑤ arrive

6. 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓸 때, 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?⁶⁾

Do you know? + Is this bus going to the mall?

→ Do you know _____ this bus is going to the mall?

- ① so ② and ③ if ④ when ⑤ but

7. 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 빈칸 (A)에 들어갈 단어를 <보기>에서 고르면?⁷⁾

<보기>how / did / get / got / she

나는 그 여자가 어떻게 거기에 갔는지 알고 싶다.

I want to know _____ (A)_____ there.

- ① how ② did ③ she ④ got ⑤ get

8. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 어색한 것은?⁸⁾

Do you know _____?

- ① where I can find your sister
- ② where the nearest theater is
- ③ what kind of book she is reading
- ④ what does he usually do on Saturdays
- ⑤ how many students there are in this school

9. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?⁹⁾

Can you tell me _____?

- ① what is he eating now
- ② where does she live
- ③ who is she
- ④ how long the river is
- ⑤ why does he go there

10. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?¹⁰⁾

Do you know _____?

- ① what time it is
- ② when is my turn
- ③ where is the ATM
- ④ how long should I wait
- ⑤ when does the bank close

11. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?¹¹⁾

I wonder _____ last night.

- ① where Jenny goes
- ② where Jenny went
- ③ were Jenny will go
- ④ where did Jenny go
- ⑤ where does Jenny go

12. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? (정답 2개)¹²⁾

Do you know _____?

- ① what is the girl's name
- ② what time the movie starts
- ③ when does he return home
- ④ where Mike works
- ⑤ who is the tall man

13. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 적절하지 않은 것은?¹³⁾

Do you know _____?

- ① how many hours your parents sleep a day
- ② why did your parents like their jobs
- ③ who your parents' best friends are
- ④ what your parents do for a living
- ⑤ if your parents like their jobs

14. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 적절하지 않은 것은?¹⁴⁾

I don't remember _____.

- ① sending a letter to her
- ② what she was wearing at the party
- ③ the girl wearing a red hat
- ④ how I got home last night
- ⑤ where did I park my car

15. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 적절하지 않은 것은? (정답 2개)¹⁵⁾

Can you tell me _____?

- ① what the truth is
- ② who owns this house
- ③ if the story was true
- ④ what does she look like
- ⑤ how long were you here

16. 다음 대화의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?¹⁶⁾

A: I have to hand in my report to Mr. Jackson, but I don't know _____.

B: He is in the teachers' room. I can come with you.

- ① where is he
- ② where he is
- ③ where he went
- ④ where he did go
- ⑤ where did he go

17. 다음 대화의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?¹⁷⁾

A: What are you looking at?

B: This picture. I'm curious about _____.

A: It's Hawaii.

- ① where this place is
- ② what's going on
- ③ who the painter is
- ④ what the problem is
- ⑤ when it was painted

18. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?¹⁸⁾

One day a box was sent to me. My name was written on it, but no other information was on it. I don't know what is in the box. Also, I don't know _____.

- ① who sent the box
- ② who did send the box
- ③ who the box is
- ④ who the box sent
- ⑤ who you sent the box

19. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 수 있는 질문 중 어법상 어색한 것은?¹⁹⁾

Q: _____?

A: We can save energy by turning off the computers when we are not using them.

- ① Do you know how can we save energy?
- ② Do you know how we can save energy?
- ③ Do you know the way we can save energy?
- ④ Do you know the way that we can save energy?
- ⑤ Do you know the way in which we can save energy?

20. Choose the question that is not appropriate for the blanks ㉠~㉥ in the below dialogue.²⁰⁾

Interview

- Q1. ㉠ _____
 A1. My name is Yuna Lee and I go to Seoul Middle School in Korea. I am applying for this because I want to be an astronaut.
- Q2. ㉡ _____
 A2 I like math most among all the subjects because studying it always makes me happy.
- Q3. ㉢ _____
 and how often you do it.
- A3. My favorite sport is running. I do it several times a week to stay in shape.
- Q4. ㉣ _____
 A4. I'm good at English. My English communication skills might help me work in space with foreign people.
- Q5. ㉤ _____
 A5. If I become an astronaut, I want to take pictures of the moon.

- ① ㉠ Could you introduce yourself to us?
- ② ㉡ Can you tell us what your favorite subject is?
- ③ ㉢ Please let us know what your favorite sport is.
- ④ ㉣ Can you tell us your secrets to speaking English well?
- ⑤ ㉤ What do you want to do most if you become an astronaut?

21. 다음 밑줄 친 우리말을 바르게 영작한 것은?²¹⁾

You may have different ideas about 무엇이 영웅을 만드는지.

- ① what are heroes
- ② a hero makes what
- ③ what make a hero
- ④ what makes a hero
- ⑤ what a hero makes

22. 다음 우리말을 바르게 영작한 것은?²²⁾

저녁 식사가 언제 준비될지 확실히 모르겠어요.

- ① I'm not sure when will dinner be ready.
- ② I'm not sure if dinner will be ready.
- ③ I'm not sure where dinner will be ready.
- ④ I'm not sure if will dinner be ready.
- ⑤ I'm not sure when dinner will be ready.

23. 다음 우리말을 바르게 영작한 것은?²³⁾

우리가 몇 시에 만날 예정인지 궁금해.

- ① I wonder what time are we going to meet.
- ② I wonder we are going to meet what time.
- ③ I wonder what time we are going to meet.
- ④ I wonder what we are going to meet time.
- ⑤ I wonder are we going to meet what time.

24. 다음 우리말을 바르게 영작한 것은?²⁴⁾

너는 누가 컴퓨터를 발명했는지 아니?

- ① Do you know who make the computer?
- ② Do you know who invented the computer?
- ③ Who invented the computer do you know?
- ④ Do you know who was inventing the computer?
- ⑤ Who do you know invented the computer?

25. 다음 우리말을 바르게 영작한 것은?²⁵⁾

너는 그의 누나가 몇 살인지 아니?

- ① How old do you know his sister is?
- ② How old do you know is his sister?
- ③ Do you know how old his sister is?
- ④ Do you know how old is his sister?
- ⑤ Do you know is his sister how old?

26. 다음 문장을 간접의문문으로 바꿀 때, 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?²⁶⁾

Is there a post office near here?

→ I don't know _____.

- ① if is there a post office near here
- ② if there is a post office near here
- ③ there a is post office near here
- ④ is there a post office near here
- ⑤ how there is a post office near here

27. 다음 문장을 간접의문문으로 바꿀 때, 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?²⁷⁾

He said to me, "Do you like the novel?"
→ He asked me _____.

- ① if I had liked the novel
- ② if you like the novel
- ③ if I liked the novel
- ④ whether I like the novel
- ⑤ whether you liked the novel

28. 다음 문장을 간접의문문으로 바르게 바꾼 것은?²⁸⁾

Ted says to me, "When does the concert start?"

- ① Ted ask me when the concert start.
- ② Ted asks me when the concert starts.
- ③ Ted asked me when the concert started.
- ④ Ted asks me when does the concert start.
- ⑤ Ted asked me when did the concert start.

29. 다음 직접의문문을 간접의문문으로 바꿀 때, 어법상 어색한 것은?²⁹⁾

- ① Where will you stay?
→ Let me know where you'll stay.
- ② What did she say?
→ Tell me what she said.
- ③ How long does it take?
→ Can I ask you how long it takes?
- ④ Who is he?
→ I asked them who he was.
- ⑤ Who broke the cup?
→ I wonder did who break the cup.

30. 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 만들 때, 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?³⁰⁾

Could you tell me? + Where does the bus stop next?
→ Could you tell me _____?

- ① where the bus stopped next
- ② where the bus will stop next
- ③ where the bus stops next
- ④ where does the bus stop next
- ⑤ where does the bus stops next

31. 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 만들 때, 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?³¹⁾

I wonder. + Do the clothes suit him well?
→ I wonder _____.

- ① if the clothes suit him well
- ② whether do the clothes suit him well
- ③ if him the clothes suit well
- ④ that the clothes suit him well
- ⑤ the clothes suit him well

32. 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 만들 때 가장 적절한 것은?³²⁾

• I'd like to know.
• When did she come to the party?

- ① I'd like to know when she comes to the party.
- ② I'd like to know when she came to the party.
- ③ I'd like to know when came she to the party.
- ④ I'd like to know when she has come to the party.
- ⑤ I'd like to know when did she came to the party.

33. 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 만들 때 가장 적절한 것은?³³⁾

• Can you tell me?
• What did she say?

- ① What can you tell me she said?
- ② What can you tell me she says?
- ③ Can you tell me what she says?
- ④ Can you tell me what she said?
- ⑤ Can you tell me what did she say?

34. 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 만들 때 가장 적절한 것은?³⁴⁾

• Can you tell me?
• Did Snow White love the prince?

- ① Can you tell me Snow White loved the prince?
- ② Can you tell me did Snow White love the prince?
- ③ Can you tell me did if Snow White love the prince?
- ④ Can you tell me if Snow White loved the prince?
- ⑤ Can you tell me if Snow White loves the prince?

35. 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 만들 때 가장 적절한 것은?³⁵⁾

- Can you tell me?
- Where does he live?

- ① Where can you tell me he lives?
- ② Can you tell me where he lives?
- ③ Can you tell me where he does lives?
- ④ Can you tell me where does he live?
- ⑤ Where can you tell me does he live?

36. 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 만들 때 가장 적절한 것은?³⁶⁾

- Do you think?
- What did he buy for us?

- ① Do you think what he bought for us?
- ② Do you think what did he buy for us?
- ③ What do you think he bought for us?
- ④ What do you think did he buy for us?
- ⑤ What do you think did he bought for us?

37. 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 만들 때 가장 적절한 것은?³⁷⁾

- Do you think?
- Why did Mina leave early yesterday?

- ① Do you think why Mina left early yesterday?
- ② Do you think why did Mina leave early yesterday?
- ③ Why do you think Mina left early yesterday?
- ④ Why do you think why Mina leave early yesterday?
- ⑤ Why do you think why did Mina leave early yesterday?

38. 다음 중 두 문장을 한 문장으로 바르게 바꾼 것은?³⁸⁾

- ① I want to know. + How did she get there?
→ I want to know how she gets there?
- ② Can you tell me? + When did she leave here?
→ Can you tell me when she left here?
- ③ Do you know? + Which subject does Andy like?
→ Which subject do you know Andy likes?
- ④ Ask her. + What made her want to teach English?
→ What asks her want to teach English?
- ⑤ I'd like to know. + What music is Minsu listening to?
→ I'd like to know what is Minsu listening to music.

39. When we combine two sentences into one sentence, which one is NOT proper?³⁹⁾

- ① I asked you + Why were they angry?
→ I asked you why they were angry.
- ② Tell me + What did she say?
→ Tell me what she said.
- ③ I wonder + Who ate my cookies?
→ I wonder who ate my cookies.
- ④ Can I ask you? + How much is it?
→ Can I ask you how much it is?
- ⑤ I'd like to know + Where did you go?
→ I'd like to know where you go.

40. 다음 중 두 문장을 한 문장으로 연결할 때 어색한 것은?⁴⁰⁾

- ① What is she doing? + Do you know?
→ Do you know what she is doing?
- ② Where is the bus stop? + Do you know?
→ Do you know where the bus stop is?
- ③ Where can I wash my hands? + Tell me.
→ Tell me where can I wash my hands.
- ④ Who is she? + Do you know?
→ Do you know who she is?
- ⑤ How tall is he? + I want to know.
→ I want to know how tall he is.

41. When we combine the two sentences into one, which is NOT appropriate?⁴¹⁾

- ① I asked you. + Why were they angry?
→ I asked you why they were angry.
- ② Tell me. + What did she say?
→ Tell me what she said.
- ③ Do you suppose? + Who ate my cookies?
→ Do you suppose who ate my cookies?
- ④ Do you think? + Why did she give up her job?
→ Why do you think she gave up her job?
- ⑤ I'd like to know. + Where did you go?
→ I'd like to know where you went.

42. Which one is NOT correct?⁴²⁾

- ① We had to play outside, but we didn't.
→ We shouldn't have played outside.
- ② My friend is upset because I didn't return his call.
→ I should have returned his call.
- ③ I need to know. Where did you go last night?
→ I need to know where you went last night.
- ④ I didn't invite Sujin to my party. I'm sorry I didn't invite her.
→ I should have invited Sujin to my party.
- ⑤ Please tell me. How long do I have to wait?
→ Please tell me how long I have to wait.

43. 다음 중 빈칸에 들어갈 말이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?⁴³⁾

- ① Tell me _____ happens to you.
- ② I don't know _____ the story was true.
- ③ I want to know _____ the truth is.
- ④ Please let us know _____ you learn.
- ⑤ I don't know _____ your car looks like.

44. 다음 빈칸에 if가 들어가기에 어색한 것은?⁴⁴⁾

- ① She asked me _____ I was fond of music.
- ② Let her know _____ she is invited or not.
- ③ Can you tell me _____ you're planning to come?
- ④ I wonder _____ you understand what I mean.
- ⑤ Your problem is _____ you stay up late.

45. 다음 중 밑줄 친 부분의 쓰임이 <보기>와 같은 것은?⁴⁵⁾

<보기> We'll be in trouble if the project isn't completed by tomorrow.

- ① I am not sure if this answer is right.
- ② You'll succeed if you do your best.
- ③ Do you know if she has a boyfriend?
- ④ I wonder if she will come to the party.
- ⑤ The students asked the teacher if they could go home.

46. 다음 중 밑줄 친 부분의 쓰임이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?⁴⁶⁾

- ① Go and check if she is OK.
- ② Call me if you need my help.
- ③ I'm not sure if it is correct.
- ④ Do you know if Mina can join us?
- ⑤ He doesn't know if it is a good idea.

47. 다음 중 밑줄 친 부분의 쓰임이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?⁴⁷⁾

- ① I'm not sure if it is true.
- ② I will go early if you need a helper.
- ③ Do you know if Jina can join us?
- ④ I don't know if he will come today.
- ⑤ Everybody wonders if she likes gimchi.

48. 다음 중 밑줄 친 부분의 쓰임이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?⁴⁸⁾

- ① Taste it to determine if more sugar is needed.
- ② The house is very small, especially if you have children.
- ③ You should not miss a good chance if you want to win a game.
- ④ If you delay your decision now, you might lose your chance.
- ⑤ If you decide to do it before a specific date, you're more likely to accomplish it.

49. 다음 중 밑줄 친 부분의 쓰임이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?⁴⁹⁾

- ① I want to know where the city hall is.
- ② I asked him what time it was.
- ③ Let me know about the man who I met yesterday.
- ④ We need to understand why this machine is needed.
- ⑤ She doesn't wonder when he will come.

50. 다음 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳은 것은?⁵⁰⁾

- ① No one knows who made it.
- ② I asked him what is his name?
- ③ I wonder if he will comes.
- ④ I don't know how old is he.
- ⑤ Do you know what he has dog?

51. 다음 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 어색한 것은?⁵¹⁾

- ① I know who you are.
- ② Can you tell me how she made it?
- ③ I don't know what did she do.
- ④ He wants to ask where she lives.
- ⑤ Do you know when he came back?

52. 다음 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳은 것은?⁵²⁾

- ① Tell me if did anyone see you.
- ② Do you know how Bulguksa old is?
- ③ I don't know who broke the window.
- ④ Please explain what does that mean.
- ⑤ Can you tell me what are you drinking?

53. 다음 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 어색한 것은?⁵³⁾

- ① I don't know who broke the vase.
- ② He asked me how much this cap was.
- ③ Do you know what did he eat for dinner?
- ④ Can you tell me where the post office is?
- ⑤ Can you tell me what kind of food you like?

54. 다음 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳은 것은?⁵⁴⁾

- ① Please tell me what do you want.
- ② I want to know when will she come.
- ③ I don't like students that makes noise during class.
- ④ Do you know the boy whom Kate is waiting for.
- ⑤ This is the restaurant who opens 24 hours a day.

55. 다음 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 어색한 것은?⁵⁵⁾

- ① Please tell me where he lives.
- ② I want to know where are you from.
- ③ I want to know who your favorite singer is.
- ④ He asked me when the movie would start.
- ⑤ To see what afterimages are, we need to do a simple experiment.

56. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장은?⁵⁶⁾

- ① I don't know how old is he?
- ② Do you know where is she from?
- ③ I don't know why did he become a doctor.
- ④ Do you have any idea how long did it take him to do it?
- ⑤ I was wondering why we didn't take the train; it would be quicker.

57. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?⁵⁷⁾

- ① Do you know what time it is?
- ② I don't understand why they are angry.
- ③ No one knows where he went.
- ④ I don't know what he bought.
- ⑤ I don't care who are you.

58. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장은?⁵⁸⁾

- ① I wondered what his job.
- ② The man wants to know how help Snow White.
- ③ The queen wonders who the prettiest woman is.
- ④ The prince is curious about where is the princess.
- ⑤ Snow White wonders when will she meet a prince.

59. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?⁵⁹⁾

- ① Can you tell me if he will come tomorrow?
- ② I don't know why he is so down.
- ③ Do you think where we should go?
- ④ We wanted to know what he did yesterday.
- ⑤ Do you know how we get to the post office?

60. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장은?⁶⁰⁾

- ① Do you know how the hotel is far?
- ② Can you tell me where is the man?
- ③ Do you think where Jane met Mr. Han?
- ④ Can you tell me when will the store open?
- ⑤ Would you tell me whether she lives in Seoul?

61. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?⁶¹⁾

- ① Can you tell me where the department store is?
- ② Do you know what the country side is like?
- ③ Do you know how much is it?
- ④ No one knows when he left for school.
- ⑤ I don't care who she is.

62. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장은?⁶²⁾

- ① Can you tell me where is the bank?
- ② Let me know how long I should wait.
- ③ I need to know what did you last night.
- ④ I asked Jane how does she get to the station.
- ⑤ Please tell me what time does the bank open?

63. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?⁶³⁾

- ① Can you tell me when your birthday is?
- ② I don't understand why they are angry.
- ③ I don't care where you are from.
- ④ She asked me how I was old.
- ⑤ I don't know who he is.

64. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장은?⁶⁴⁾

- ① Which do you think is better?
- ② I wonder how much will it cost.
- ③ Where do you know Tom has gone?
- ④ Can you tell me what time begins the movie?
- ⑤ I don't understand why did she leave so early.

65. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?⁶⁵⁾

- ① I want to test how smart she is.
- ② I wonder if there is a father like him.
- ③ I'm wondering if it will be rainy tomorrow.
- ④ She wants to know why I was late for school.
- ⑤ Can you tell me what about your new movie is?

66. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장은?⁶⁶⁾

- ① I'm not sure if is the answer correct.
- ② Do you think where the hospital is?
- ③ She wonders if Peter's hearing is okay.
- ④ I'd like to know whether can she drive a car.
- ⑤ Do you think who will win the game?

67. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?⁶⁷⁾

- ① Do you know what color is it?
- ② Can you tell me why he is so upset?
- ③ I don't know what you bought yesterday.
- ④ I wonder if he will come to my birthday party.
- ⑤ I want to know where my English teacher lives.

68. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장은?⁶⁸⁾

- ① She asks me that the rumor is true or not.
- ② Do you know where the conference will hold?
- ③ I want to know if he will join our club.
- ④ Everyone wonders that she likes gimchi.
- ⑤ I haven't decided yet what should I wear tomorrow.

69. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?⁶⁹⁾

- ① I wonder if he will go camping.
- ② Do you know where she is?
- ③ I don't know how long I should stay in this room.
- ④ I am not sure what is the problem.
- ⑤ She asked me when Judy would be back.

70. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장은?⁷⁰⁾

- ① I'm not sure where is Anne.
- ② Do you think when he will come back?
- ③ Will you tell me what "K-pop" mean?
- ④ Jack asked me when our school trip was.
- ⑤ Could you tell me how can I get to the bank?

71. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?⁷¹⁾

- ① She asked me why I didn't go to school.
- ② He didn't know where his cell phone was.
- ③ Please tell me why people hunt animals.
- ④ I'm not sure when we met for the last time.
- ⑤ I wonder how could he get a free coupon.

72. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?⁷²⁾

- ① Where do you think koalas get food?
- ② We didn't know who wrote the book.
- ③ Do you remember how much this camera was?
- ④ Do you know who your parents' are best friends?
- ⑤ Do you know how many hours your parents work every day?

73. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?⁷³⁾

- ① I don't know where John is going to work.
- ② I wonder how gets he much money from his parents.
- ③ Tell me what makes a hero.
- ④ I should have worn a warm sweater.
- ⑤ We shouldn't have made reservations.

74. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장을 모두 고르면?⁷⁴⁾

- ① Where do you think does he put the file?
- ② Why do you suppose I can't be your side?
- ③ When do you know the department closes?
- ④ I don't know where this bus leaves for.
- ⑤ Why do you think she wants to be alone?

75. What is the grammatically right one?⁷⁵⁾

- ① Do you think what the answer is?
- ② He has no idea how it is far from here.
- ③ She asked me if Lynn have a dictionary.
- ④ Can you tell me how the prices are high?
- ⑤ Do you know when they are going to open it?

76. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?(정답2개)⁷⁶⁾

- ① Who do you think he spent time with?
- ② Do you think what we should do to help them?
- ③ I don't know when he can help me with my work.
- ④ Do you believe who broke my cell phone?
- ⑤ I wonder if he can finish his project by tomorrow.

77. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장은?(정답2개)⁷⁷⁾

- ① Tell me where were you.
- ② Do you know who did draws this?
- ③ Let me know how much the hat is.
- ④ I wonder why is she always so busy.
- ⑤ She asked me when the show started.

78. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?(정답2개)⁷⁸⁾

- ① I want to know why she doesn't like me.
- ② Do you have any idea how much it will cost?
- ③ Do you know who made these cookies?
- ④ Do you think when he will come back?
- ⑤ Could you tell me when did he arrive home?

79. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장은?(정답2개)⁷⁹⁾

- ① Do you know how that girl is old?
- ② Can you believe what did you see?
- ③ Let's see which sandwich tastes better.
- ④ Do you know when did Minho return home?
- ⑤ I want to know which color Ross likes better.

80. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?(정답2개)⁸⁰⁾

- ① Do you know what happens to David?
- ② I don't know if she can use a computer.
- ③ Do you think what is his name?
- ④ I'm not sure whether he is coming today.
- ⑤ Do you know where does she come from?

81. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장은?(정답2개)⁸¹⁾

- ① I want to know who broke the window.
- ② Do you think who will be his new partner?
- ③ I'm wondering whether is he at home now.
- ④ What do you believe happened to her yesterday?
- ⑤ I'm curious about what did you do during summer vacation.

82. Choose two grammatically incorrect sentences.⁸²⁾

- ① Do you know which color Ross likes better?
- ② Do you suppose how far he can run?
- ③ The boys wonder whether she is their English teacher.
- ④ I told him what the problem was.
- ⑤ He wondered what makes a noise like that?

83. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?(정답2개)⁸³⁾

- ① She doesn't know where is he from.
- ② I don't understand why they are angry.
- ③ I don't know if John and Tom are coming now.
- ④ When do you think they will finish the project?
- ⑤ Nobody knows when the car accident did happened.

84. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장은?(정답2개)⁸⁴⁾

- ① What movie do you know she wants to see?
- ② The student knows how it is hard to be a scientist.
- ③ I wonder whether you'd like to come to the party.
- ④ I'd like to know how many stars we can see at night.
- ⑤ Do you think which one is smarter, a dog or a dolphin?

85. 다음 괄호 (A), (B), (C) 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?⁸⁵⁾

- I have no idea how (A)[they got / did they get] there.
- I want to know who (B)[got the message / did the message get] yesterday.
- Do you know where (C)[he is / is he] from?

	(A)	(B)	(C)
①	they got	got the message	he is
②	they got	got the message	is he
③	did they get	did the message get	he is
④	did they get	did the message get	is he
⑤	did they get	got the message	is he

86. When you find out grammatically errors in the following sentence and correct them, which is right?⁸⁶⁾

Do you think why are these things happening?

- ① Do you think why are these things happening?
- ② Do you think why these things are happening?
- ③ Do you think why are happening these things?
- ④ Why do you think these things are happening?
- ⑤ Why do you think are these things happening?

87. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장의 총 개수는?⁸⁷⁾

- Ⓐ I wonder whether Cindy loves me.
- Ⓑ Do you remember what time was it?
- Ⓒ How far do you suppose he can run?
- Ⓓ Jessica doesn't know if there is a drugstore nearby.
- Ⓔ Please tell me what should I do.
- Ⓕ I wonder if I might have a glass of water.

- ① 1개 ② 2개 ③ 3개 ④ 4개 ⑤ 5개

88. How many sentences are grammatically INCORRECT?⁸⁸⁾

- Ⓐ Do you know where she visited yesterday?
- Ⓑ Let me know how much is one slice of cheese.
- Ⓒ Do you think who will win the game?
- Ⓓ Do you know how giraffes live long?
- Ⓔ Do you remember when did you see him last?
- Ⓕ He's scaring to tell her what really happened.

- ① one ② two ③ three ④ four ⑤ five

89. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장의 총 개수는?⁸⁹⁾

- (A) Do you believe where did you lose it?
- (B) What do you think is she doing now?
- (C) I don't know who did the window break.
- (D) Tell me who your children's are best friends?
- (E) Do you know what your parents do for a living?
- (F) I wonder what Kate was dating Mike yesterday.
- (G) Do you know how many hours did your parents sleep last night?

- ① 1개 ② 2개 ③ 3개 ④ 4개 ⑤ 5개

90. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장끼리 바르게 짝지어진 것은?⁹⁰⁾

- Ⓐ Do you know who is she?
- Ⓑ Can you tell me what brought you here?
- Ⓒ Do you know who eat the most hamburgers?
- Ⓓ She didn't even tell me what her name was.
- Ⓔ Do you know if Judy can play the guitar?

- ① Ⓐ, Ⓒ, Ⓓ ② Ⓑ, Ⓒ, Ⓓ ③ Ⓑ, Ⓓ, Ⓔ
 ④ Ⓐ, Ⓒ, Ⓔ ⑤ Ⓐ, Ⓓ, Ⓔ

91. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장끼리 바르게 짝지어진 것은?⁹¹⁾

- Ⓐ Please tell me how is Tom.
- Ⓑ Do you think what he should do?
- Ⓒ Does he know where his friend lives?
- Ⓓ Can you tell me who the window broke?
- Ⓔ I wonder if you will come to my birthday party.

- ① Ⓐ, Ⓒ ② Ⓑ, Ⓓ ③ Ⓒ, Ⓔ
 ④ Ⓑ, Ⓒ, Ⓔ ⑤ Ⓒ, Ⓓ, Ⓔ

92. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 문장끼리 바르게 짝지어진 것은?⁹²⁾

- Ⓐ I can't remember what did Minho do then.
- Ⓑ I want to know whether I can use your computer.
- Ⓒ I wonder how long you will be staying here.
- Ⓓ Do you know what time the movie start?
- Ⓔ Do you think who can solve the problem?

- ① Ⓐ, Ⓑ ② Ⓑ, Ⓒ
 ③ Ⓑ, Ⓒ, Ⓓ ④ Ⓑ, Ⓓ, Ⓔ
 ⑤ Ⓐ, Ⓒ, Ⓓ, Ⓔ

93. Choose all the sentences that are grammatically wrong from the box below.⁹³⁾

- (A) Do you think why she is so happy?
- (B) Can you tell me where did you go?
- (C) I don't know how I should go there.
- (D) What do you know the price of this book is?
- (E) I don't know how did the accident happen.
- (F) I wonder why you decided to change your job.

- ① (A), (C), (F) ② (B), (D), (E)
 ③ (A), (B), (D), (E) ④ (C), (D), (E), (F)
 ⑤ (B), (C), (D), (F)

94. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장끼리 바르게 짝지어진 것은?⁹⁴⁾

- (a) I don't know that she will attend the meeting or not.
- (b) Can you tell me when your birthday is?
- (c) She asks me when we will meet.
- (d) Do you know who did draw this?
- (e) I don't know who is telling the truth.
- (f) Do you think why she cried?

- ① (a), (d), (f) ② (a), (c), (e) ③ (b), (d), (e)
- ④ (c), (e), (f) ⑤ (b), (e), (f)

95. Choose all the sentences that are grammatically correct.⁹⁵⁾

- (a) I want to know where you study.
- (b) Do you know what movie she want to see?
- (c) What kind of job do I want to have?
- (d) Do you think I should eat less?
- (e) Do you think what I can do for you?
- (f) What do you think you want to eat?
- (g) The woman wants to know how much is it.

- ① a, d, f ② b, e, g ③ c, d, f
- ④ a, c, d, f ⑤ b, c, d, f

96. Choose all the sentences that are grammatically wrong from the box below.⁹⁶⁾

- (a) Can you guess why they do this?
- (b) Do you suppose what made him come here?
- (c) I don't really know when is the class over.
- (d) He asked me how did she help me often.
- (e) Let's ask her who the man in the picture is.
- (f) I'm not sure when he arrived at the airport.
- (g) I didn't know how I dealt with the situation.
- (h) Do you think why he's so amazed?

- ① a, d, g, f ② b, c, d, h
- ③ c, d, e, g ④ b, e, g, h
- ⑤ a, c, e, f

97. Choose all the sentences that are grammatically wrong from the box below.⁹⁷⁾

- (a) How can you believe he drew the painting himself?
- (b) Why do you think he will arrive on time?
- (c) I don't know when he can help me with my work.
- (d) Do you imagine what the blue whale looks like?
- (e) Can you tell me where he meets yesterday?
- (f) Why do you think she would rather be alone?
- (g) Do you suppose what time she will be there?
- (h) Where do you know the bus station is?

- ① a, d, g, f ② b, c, d, h
- ③ a, c, e, h ④ d, e, g, h
- ⑤ b, c, e, f

98. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 (1)~(5) 중, 어법상 어색한 것을 2개 찾아 그 기호를 쓰고 바르게 고쳐 쓰시오.⁹⁸⁾

Last weekend, Suji called me and asked (1)if I could go to the bookstore with her. I agreed and we went there. Many things were on sale. Suji wanted to buy pens, teddy bears and a plant. I couldn't understand (2)why she needed them. She already had enough pens, and teddy bears were so expensive! When I asked her (3)how much did they cost, she said that she didn't care. Also, I was not sure (4)how long she would keep the plants. Anyway, she bought all she wanted and returned home satisfied. I think (5)she should not buy them at that time.

(기호) _____ (고친 표현) _____
 () _____
 () _____

99. 다음 괄호 안에 주어진 단어들을 바르게 배열하여 문장을 완성하시오.⁹⁹⁾

I don't know when _____ .
 _____ . (starts, movie, the)

100. 다음 괄호 안에 주어진 단어들을 바르게 배열하여 문장을 완성하십시오.¹⁰⁰⁾

Let's decide _____
 _____ (we, meet, when, will)

101. Put the words in the correct order to make a sentence.¹⁰¹⁾

A: (begins, the film, know, when, you, do)?
 B: Ten minutes from now.

102. 다음 직접의문문을 간접의문문으로 바꿔 쓸 때, 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.¹⁰²⁾

How long does it take from here to the library?

→ Do you know _____?

103. 다음 John의 말을 참고하여 아래의 문장을 완성하십시오.¹⁰³⁾

John: Do you know? What time does Kevin go to the library?

→ John wants to know _____.

104. 다음 괄호 안에 주어진 문장을 간접의문문의 형태로 바꾸어 빈칸을 완성하십시오.¹⁰⁴⁾

A: Can you tell me _____
 the subway station? (How can I get to)
 B: I'm sorry. I'm new here, too.

105. 다음 <보기>에 주어진 직접의문문을 활용하여 대화의 빈칸에 알맞은 간접의문문을 쓰시오.¹⁰⁵⁾

<보기> How did you study math?

A: Did you get good grade in math test?
 B: Of course, I got an 'A.' I studied math hard.
 A: Please tell me _____.

106. 다음 직접의문문을 간접의문문으로 바꿔 쓸 때, 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.¹⁰⁶⁾

(1) Where did I put my keys?
 → I don't remember _____
 _____ my keys.

(2) What food does he want to eat?
 → Do you know _____ he
 _____?

(3) Can you help me with my homework?
 → I wonder _____
 help me with my homework?

107. 다음 문장의 빈칸에 들어갈 알맞은 말을 주어진 <조건>에 맞게 쓰시오.¹⁰⁷⁾

<조건>

1. <예시>를 참고하여 그림에 맞게 작성할 것
2. 그림에 주어진 표현을 포함하여 문장을 쓸 것
3. 필요한 경우 단어의 형태를 바꾸거나 추가할 것

<예시>



→ She wants to know where her watch is.



→ She asks _____.

108. 다음 직접의문문을 'Do you know ~'를 활용한 간접의문문으로 고쳐 쓰시오.¹⁰⁸⁾

- (1) When does the library open?
→ Do you know _____?
- (2) How can I get there quickly?
→ Do you know _____?

109. 다음 직접의문문을 간접의문문으로 바꿔 쓸 때, 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.¹⁰⁹⁾

- (1) Where is Tom?
→ Do you know _____?
- (2) How long did it take you to finish it?
→ Do you remember _____?

110. 다음 주어진 <조건>에 맞게 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.¹¹⁰⁾

<조건>

1. 큰따옴표 안의 문장을 사용할 것
2. 필요한 경우 단어를 변형할 것

- (1) Mike asks, "Who broke the window?"
→ Mike wants to know _____.
- (2) I ask, "What color is the bag?"
→ I wonder _____.

111. 다음 <보기>와 같이 직접의문문을 간접의문문으로 바꿔 쓸 때, 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.¹¹¹⁾

<보기>

Does she like Gimchi?
→ Everybody wonders if she likes Gimchi.

- (1) Why was Alex late for school?
→ I want to know _____.
- (2) Is there a bank near here?
→ Do you know _____?

112. 다음 직접의문문을 활용하여 빈칸에 들어갈 간접의문문을 완성하시오.¹¹²⁾

- (1) Can you help me?
→ I wonder _____ you can help me.
- (2) Where is the station?
→ Do you know _____?
- (3) What time does the movie start?
→ Can you tell me _____?

113. 다음 <보기>와 같이 두 문장을 연결하여 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓰시오.¹¹³⁾

<보기>

Do you know? + Where does he live?
→ Do you know where he lives?

Do you think? + Where did you lose your umbrella?

114. 다음 직접의문문을 'Can you tell me ~'로 시작하는 간접의문문으로 고쳐 쓰시오.¹¹⁴⁾

<조건>

1. 'Can you tell me'를 제외한 나머지 문장을 쓸 것
2. 문장 끝의 온점(.)과 물음표(?)를 정확히 구분하여 쓸 것

- (1) Where are you from?
→ _____.
- (2) What did she eat last night?
→ _____.

115. 다음 한 문장은 두 문장으로, 두 문장은 한 문장으로 합쳐 쓰시오.¹¹⁵⁾

- (1) I want to know what he likes.
→ I want to know. + _____?
- (2) Do you know + Is there a bakery?
→ _____?

116. 다음 <보기>와 같이 두 문장을 연결하여 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓰시오.(단, 시제에 주의할 것)¹¹⁶⁾

<보기>
I don't know ~. + Where is he?
→ I don't know where he is.

- I wonder ~.
- Did Sumi win the English speech contest?

→ I wonder _____.

117. 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓰시오.¹¹⁷⁾

(1) I want to know. + Is it sunny in Japan?
→ I want to know _____.

(2) Do you know? + What is his name?
→ Do you know what _____?

118. 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓰시오.¹¹⁸⁾

(1) Could you tell me? + Where does he live?
→ Could _____?

(2) Do you think? + What did he speak to the teacher?
→ _____?

119. 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓰시오.¹¹⁹⁾

(1) Do you know + Where is the post office?
→ Do you know _____?

(2) She wants to know + How much is it?
→ She wants to know _____?

120. 다음 두 문장을 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓰시오.¹²⁰⁾

(1) Do you know? + Who is he?
→ _____

(2) Do you think? + Who is he?
→ _____

121. 다음 두 문장을 간접의문문을 사용하여 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓰시오.¹²¹⁾

(1) Do you know? + What is he drinking?
→ Do you know _____?

(2) I'm not sure. + Did she have lunch?
→ I'm not sure _____.

(3) I want to know. + When will the school sports day be?
→ I want to know _____.

(4) Can you tell me? + Does he like hiking?
→ Can you tell me _____?

122. 다음 두 문장을 <보기>와 같이 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓰시오.¹²²⁾

<보기>
Do you know? + Where should we go?
→ Do you know Where we should go?

(1) Can you tell me? + How did you get an A?
→ Can you tell me _____?

(2) I'm not sure. + Is he married?
→ I'm not sure _____.

(3) I'd like to know. + When will she arrive?
→ I'd like to know _____.

123. 다음 두 문장을 주어진 <조건>에 맞게 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓰시오.¹²³⁾

<조건>
1. 간접의문문을 사용할 것
2. 주어 동사를 포함하는 완전한 문장으로 쓸 것

(1) I want to know. + When is your birthday?
→ _____

(2) I don't know. + What does he want?
→ _____

124. 다음 두 문장을 주어진 <조건>에 맞게 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓰시오.¹²⁴⁾

<조건>

1. 간접의문문을 사용할 것
2. 두 문장의 의미가 모두 들어가 있어야 하며 필요 없는 단어는 생략 가능
3. 필요하다면 whether 또는 if를 사용할 것

(1) Do you know? + How much do your parents love you?

→ _____

(2) I don't know. + Do you like doughnut?

→ _____

125. 다음 <보기>와 같이 주어진 두 문장을 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓰시오.¹²⁵⁾

<보기>

Please tell me. + What time is it?
→ Please tell me what time it is.

(1) Do you understand? + Why did she cry?

→ _____

(2) Do you think? + How long does it take to get to the airport?

→ _____

126. 다음 밑줄 친 우리말과 일치하도록 괄호 안에 주어진 단어들을 바르게 배열하십시오.(단, 제시된 단어는 한 번씩 사용할 것)¹²⁶⁾

(1) Can you explain 너는 여기서 무엇을 하는지?
(what, do, here, you)

→ _____

(2) You 말할 수 없을 것이다 about it if you do not know its history. (be able to, will, talk, not)

→ _____

127. 다음 <보기>와 같이 두 문장을 주어진 <조건>에 맞게 한 문장으로 바꿔 쓰시오.¹²⁷⁾

<보기>

I don't know. + Who is she?
→ I don't know who she is.

<조건>

1. 주어와 동사를 갖춘 완전한 문장으로 쓸 것
2. 필요시 단어 형태 변경 가능

(1) Do you know? + How long does it take?

→ _____

(2) Can you tell me? + Where does he live?

→ _____

(3) I don't know. + Does he like traveling?

→ _____

128. 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 괄호 안에 주어진 단어들 바르게 배열하십시오.¹²⁸⁾

(1) 너는 지금 몇 시인지 알고 있니?
(know, you, what, is, do, now, time, it)

→ _____

(2) 너는 서울을 언제 떠날지 결정했니?
(you, when, will, have, leave, you, decided, Seoul)

→ _____

(3) 나에게 그 문제들을 어떻게 풀었는지를 말해줄 수 있니?
(how, tell, can, solved, problems, you, me, the, you)

→ _____

129. 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 빈칸에 들어갈 알맞은 말을 주어진 <조건>에 맞게 쓰시오.¹²⁹⁾

<조건>

1. 괄호 안에 주어진 단어를 반드시 사용할 것
2. '예약하다'는 'b'로 시작하는 단어로 쓸 것
3. 반드시 7단어로 쓸 것

그는 네가 어제 어떤 레스토랑을 예약했는지 아니?

→ _____ yesterday?

(which)

130. 다음 우리말을 주어진 <조건>에 맞게 영작하시오.¹³⁰⁾

<조건>

1. 간접의문문을 사용할 것
2. 주어진 단어를 반드시 사용할 것 (yesterday)

나는 그가 어제 무엇을 샀는지 모른다.

131. 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.(단, 괄호 안에 주어진 단어를 반드시 사용하지 필요시 변형 및 중복 사용 가능)¹³¹⁾

여왕은 세상에서 가장 예쁜 여자가 누구인지 궁금해 했다. (in, the, pretty)

→ The queen wondered _____.

132. 다음 우리말을 주어진 <조건>에 맞게 영작하시오.¹³²⁾

<조건>

1. 간접의문문을 사용할 것
2. 단어 'up'을 사용할 것
3. 총 9개의 단어로 구성된 문장으로 영작할 것

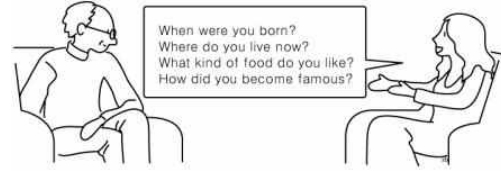
네가 왜 지난밤에 늦게까지 깨어 있었는지를 나에게 말해줘.

133. 다음 대화의 밑줄 친 우리말 (1), (2)를 각각 영작하시오.¹³³⁾

A: Do you have an interesting story?
 B: One day, a tall woman with long hair was walking by herself ahead of me.
 A: (1)당신은 그녀가 누구라고 생각했었나요?
 B: At first, I thought she was a model. So I caught up to her and was about to tell her to take a picture with me. (2)당신은 무슨 일이 일어났었는지 알아요?
 A: No. I can't guess.
 B: At last, she turned around. But, she was not a woman. He was a rock star.

134. 다음은 인터뷰 장면이다. <보기>에 주어진 표현을 사용하여 예문과 같이 인터뷰 질문을 완성하시오.¹³⁴⁾

I'd like to know...
 Please tell me...
 Can you tell me...?



<보기>

- I'd like to know...
- Please tell me...
- Can you tell me...?

- (1) Where do you live now?
- (2) What kind of food do you like?
- (3) How did you become famous?

e.g. I'd like to know when you were born.

- (1) _____
- (2) _____
- (3) _____

135. According to the dialogue below, rewrite the underlined sentences as the indirect speeches.¹³⁵⁾

B: (1)Have you been to the new Italian restaurant?
 G: The one on Main Street?
 B: Yes. That one.
 G: No. Not yet.
 B: (2)It's the greatest restaurant in town!
 G: (3)What makes you say that?
 B: The food is really wonderful and it's not expensive.

(B: boy, G: girl)

- (1) The boy asks the girl _____
- (2) The boy says _____
- (3) The girl asks the boy _____

Grammar Point

Here[There] + 동사(be, come, go) + 일반명사	
Here comes the taxi!	여기 택시가 오는군!
There goes our bus.	저기 우리 버스가 간다.
→ Here 또는 There가 문장 앞에 쓰일 때, 뒤에는 '동사+주어(일반명사)'가 뒤따라온다.	
장소나 방향을 나타내는 부사구를 강조하기 위하여 문장의 맨 앞에 쓸 수 있다. 이 경우 주어와 동사의 위치가 바뀌게 된다. 즉, 일반적인 영어 문장의 어순인 '주어+동사'의 순서가 아닌 동사가 주어 앞에 위치하게 되는 도치가 일어난다.	
Here[There] + 대명사 + 동사(be, come, go)	
Here she comes!	여기 그녀가 오는군!
Here it is.	여기 있습니다.
→ Here[There]가 문장 앞에 쓰여도 주어가 대명사인 경우에는 도치되지 않고, 「Here[There] + 주어(대명사) + 동사」의 어순으로 쓰인다.	
그 밖의 장소나 방향을 나타내는 부사구	
The bakery is on your left .	
→ On your left is the bakery.	당신의 왼쪽에 빵집이 있어요.
A young boy fell down .	
→ Down fell a young boy.	한 어린 소년이 쓰러졌다.
A nice cafe was round the corner .	
→ Round the corner was a nice cafe.	모퉁이를 돌면 근사한 카페가 있다.
장소 또는 방향을 나타내는 부사(구)가 강조를 위해 문두에 오면 「부사(구)+자동사(go, come, lie, stand, fly 등)+주어」의 어순으로 도치된다.	

Warm-up

■ Identify whether the sentences are inverted or not

다음 문장이 도치문인지 아닌지를 구별하십시오.

- Here is your book.¹⁾
 도치문 일반문
- Your pen is here.²⁾
 도치문 일반문
- Here comes Richard.³⁾
 도치문 일반문
- There goes the actor.⁴⁾
 도치문 일반문
- Down the hill played the boys.⁵⁾
 도치문 일반문
- A little box was on the doorstep.⁶⁾
 도치문 일반문
- There are many pretty clouds in the sky.⁷⁾
 도치문 일반문

■ Underline the subject of the sentences:

문장의 주어에 밑줄을 그으시오.

<보기> Here comes the singer.

- On the doorstep was a little boy.⁸⁾
- Round the corner arrived the inspector.⁹⁾
- Round the corner was a gift shop.¹⁰⁾
- Down the hill gathered the students.¹¹⁾
- There is your seat.¹²⁾
- A bookshop was round the corner.¹³⁾
- Here is your coffee.¹⁴⁾
- Down the hill was a teahouse.¹⁵⁾
- A box of chocolates was on the doorstep.¹⁶⁾

Pattern 2. 「Here+동사+일반명사」 ...

Part 1

■ Choose the correct one:

알맞은 것을 고르시오.

1. Here (the bus comes / comes the bus).¹⁾
2. There (goes the bus / the bus goes)!²⁾
3. Here (comes the bride / the bride comes)!³⁾
4. Here (come / comes) the sun.⁴⁾
5. Here (is it / it is).⁵⁾
6. There (comes / come) your friends.⁶⁾
7. Here (go we / we go), the game's starting.⁷⁾
8. Away (went the girl / the girl went).⁸⁾
9. Here (he comes / comes he).⁹⁾
10. Ah, look – here (is the postman / the postman is).¹⁰⁾
11. There (she goes / goes she).¹¹⁾
12. On the doorstep (was the homeless person / the homeless person was)!¹²⁾
13. (Goes our train / Our train goes) there.¹³⁾
14. In that town (lived a famous judge / a famous judge lived).¹⁴⁾
15. In the house (he is / is he).¹⁵⁾
16. Outside the shop (was a tree / a tree was).¹⁶⁾
17. I opened the door and there (stood Tom / Tom stood).¹⁷⁾

Part 2

■ Rewrite the following sentences starting with the given words:

다음 문장을 주어진 단어로 시작하여 다시 쓰시오.

1. The bus comes here.¹⁾
→ Here _____.
2. She goes there.²⁾
→ There _____.
3. A rabbit came out.³⁾
→ Out _____.
4. Balloons go up.⁴⁾
→ Up _____.
5. A church stood on the hill.⁵⁾
→ On the hill _____.
6. A nice cafe was round the corner.⁶⁾
→ Round the corner _____.
7. My number is here.⁷⁾
→ Here _____.
8. The ball rolled down the hill.⁸⁾
→ Down the hill _____.
9. Her dog hid under the bed.⁹⁾
→ Under the bed _____.
10. The art museum is on your right.¹⁰⁾
→ On _____.

11. My family sat under a beach umbrella.¹¹⁾
→ Under _____.

12. My father stood in the doorway.¹²⁾
→ In _____.

13. A picture of my family is on the table.¹³⁾
→ On _____.

14. She is between the bookstore and the bank.¹⁴⁾
→ Between _____.

15. The rain came down.¹⁵⁾
→ _____.

16. The birds flew away.¹⁶⁾
→ _____.

17. My house is at the end of the road.¹⁷⁾
→ _____.

18. They came onto the stage.¹⁸⁾
→ _____.

19. The airplane rose up into the sky.¹⁹⁾
→ _____.

20. The policeman walked down the street.²⁰⁾
→ _____.

21. He was standing in front of the house.²¹⁾
→ In _____.

Part 3

Find grammatical errors and correct them:

문법적 오류를 찾아 고쳐 쓰시오.

1. Here comes he.¹⁾
_____ → _____

2. She opened the box and out the toy came.²⁾
_____ → _____

3. There are five people. Among them Judy is.³⁾
_____ → _____

4. Here our teacher comes.⁴⁾
_____ → _____

5. Into the room walked he.⁵⁾
_____ → _____

6. Where is the cat? Next to the sofa is it.⁶⁾
_____ → _____

7. On the top of the hill an old castle stood.⁷⁾
_____ → _____

8. Here our guests come!⁸⁾
_____ → _____

9. On her desk was a lot of letters from her fans.⁹⁾
_____ → _____

10. I was looking for my glasses. On the table are they.¹⁰⁾
_____ → _____

11. There a big house is on the corner.¹¹⁾
_____ → _____

12. Behind the mountain is the people's houses.¹²⁾
_____ → _____

Part 4

■ Put the following words in the right order:

다음 단어들을 알맞은 순서로 배열하십시오.

1. 책상 위에 그 편지가 있었다.¹⁾
On (the / table / the / was / letter).

2. 선생님이 이곳으로 오신다.²⁾
Here (teacher / comes / the).

3. 소녀가 아래로 떨어졌다.³⁾
Down (girl / fell / the).

4. 여기 그 남자가 온다.⁴⁾
Here (man / the / comes).

5. 길거리를 따라서 그는 걸었다.⁵⁾
Down (walked / he / the / street).

6. 셋, 둘, 하나! 그리고 로켓이 올라갔다.⁶⁾
Three, two, one! And up (rocket / went / the).

7. 언덕 위에 오래된 교회가 있었다.⁷⁾
On the top of the hill (old / stood / church / an).

8. 그의 이름 아래에 그림이 있었다.⁸⁾
Below (the / his / name / was / picture).

9. 저기 우리 기차가 간다.⁹⁾
There (our / train / goes).

10. 현관 앞에 꽃 한 다발이 있었다.¹⁰⁾
On (the / bunch / was / flowers / of / a / doorstep).

11. 마루 위에 한 소녀가 앉아 있었다.¹¹⁾
On the floor (a / sitting / girl / was).

12. 한 가난한 대장장이가 마을에 살았다.¹²⁾
There (poor / a / blacksmith / lived) in the village.

13. 그의 왼쪽에 한 아름다운 숙녀가 섰다.¹³⁾
On his left (stood / a / lady / beautiful).

Part 5

■ Translate the following sentences into English using the words in a given order.

다음 문장을 영작하십시오. (단어를 주어진 순서대로 쓸 것.)

1. 여기 트럭이 와요.¹⁾

here, come

2. 그가 여기 온다.²⁾

here

3. 저기 그들이 온다.³⁾

there, come

4. 여기 버스 두 대가 온다.⁴⁾

come

5. 여기 119가 우리를 구조하러 온다!⁵⁾

the 119, rescue

6. 비가 내렸다.⁶⁾

come, the rain

Down _____.

7. 여기에 3명의 수상자가 있습니다.⁷⁾

three, winners

8. 고양이 한 마리가 서랍장 위에 앉아있었다.⁸⁾

drawer, sit

On _____

_____.

9. 한 노부인이 플랫폼에 서있었다.⁹⁾

platform, stand

_____.

10. 태양이 구름 사이로 나왔다.¹⁰⁾

come, through, the clouds

Out _____

_____.

11. 그 호텔은 언덕 위에 있다.¹¹⁾

the hill, stand

On _____

_____.

12. 박물관 뒤에 내가 다니는 학교가 있다.¹²⁾

behind, school, go to

_____.

13. 테이블 위에 신문이 놓여 있었다.¹³⁾

lie, newspaper

On _____

_____.

- 다음 <보기>와 같이 주어진 문장의 밑줄 친 부분을 강조하는 문장으로 바꿔 쓰시오.

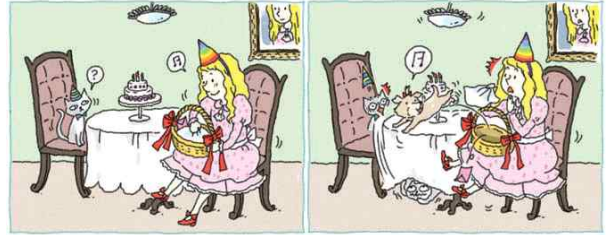
<보기>

The girl walked into the room.

→ Into the room walked the girl.

1. A picture of an old man is on the wall.¹⁾
2. The sun came out.²⁾
3. She hid behind the door.³⁾
4. The rocket went up.⁴⁾
5. A white closet was in the room.⁵⁾
6. Three big trees stand next to the house.⁶⁾
7. Children in yellow dresses came along the road.⁷⁾
8. A large mountain was behind my school.⁸⁾
9. 다음 문장에서 어법상 어색한 부분을 찾아 바르게 고쳐 완전한 문장으로 다시 쓰시오.⁹⁾
Around the corner the teacher went.
→ _____

- 다음 그림을 보고 주어진 단어를 바르게 배열하여 문장을 완성하십시오.



10. Mina opened the basket and out _____
_____.¹⁰⁾
(the dog, came)
11. The cat was scared. Under _____
_____.¹¹⁾
(the cat, the table, hid)
- 다음 우리말을 주어진 단어를 사용하여 영작하십시오. (단, 부사(구)를 강조할 것)
12. 한 노부인이 차 밖으로 나왔다.¹²⁾
(came, out of the car)
→ _____
13. 모퉁이에서 커다란 초록 괴물이 나타났다.¹³⁾
(from around the corner, monster, appeared)
→ _____

■ 다음 각각의 문장에서 '장소'를 강조하여 문장을 다시 쓰시오.

14. My house is between the hospital and the bank.¹⁴⁾

→ _____

15. He stood next to the park.¹⁵⁾

→ _____

16. Peter stood on the hill.¹⁶⁾

→ _____

17. People ran out of the house.¹⁷⁾

→ _____

18. She swam across the river.¹⁸⁾

→ _____

■ 다음 그림을 보고 <보기>에서 알맞은 표현을 골라 문장을 완성하십시오.

<보기>

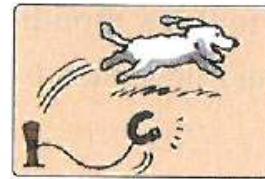
the girl	the dog	the teacher
comes	ran	fell



19. Here _____¹⁹⁾



20. Down _____²⁰⁾



21. Away _____²¹⁾

1. 다음 문장을 도치구문으로 바르게 바꾼 것은?¹⁾

My friend went away.

- ① My friend away went.
- ② Away my friend went.
- ③ Away went my friend.
- ④ Went my friend away.
- ⑤ Went away my friend.

2. 다음 문장과 바꾸어 쓸 수 있는 것은?²⁾

The man is from North Korea.

- ① From North Korea the man is.
- ② Is the man from North Korea.
- ③ From North Korea is the man.
- ④ Is from North Korea the man.
- ⑤ From North Korea be the man.

3. 다음 밑줄 친 부분을 바르게 영작한 것을 모두 고르면?³⁾

As Minjun is walking to school, 비가 내린다.

- ① the rain comes down
- ② the rain down comes
- ③ down comes the rain
- ④ comes the rain down
- ⑤ does come the rain down

4. 다음 문장을 도치한 것으로 가장 알맞은 것은?⁴⁾

A lot of books were on my desk.

- ① Were a lot of books on my desk.
- ② Books were a lot of on my desk.
- ③ On a lot of books were my desk.
- ④ On my desk were a lot of books.
- ⑤ On my desk a lot of books were.

5. 다음 문장의 밑줄 친 부분을 강조하는 문장으로 바르게 바꿔 쓴 것은?⁵⁾

The house I live in is behind the park.

- ① Behind the park the house I live is in.
- ② Behind the park is I live in the house.
- ③ Behind the park the house in I live is.
- ④ Behind the park is the house I live in.
- ⑤ Behind the park the house is I live in.

6. 다음 우리말에서 밑줄 친 부분을 강조하는 문장으로 바르게 영작한 것은?⁶⁾

언덕 꼭대기에 오래된 나무 한그루가 서있다.

- ① An old tree stands on the top of the hill.
- ② An old tree does stand on the top of the hill.
- ③ Of the hill an old tree stands on the top.
- ④ On the top of the hill stands an old tree.
- ⑤ On the top of the hill did an old tree stand.

7. 다음 우리말을 바르게 영작한 것은?⁷⁾

비가 내렸다.

- ① It is raining outside.
- ② Down did the rain coming.
- ③ Down came the rain.
- ④ It was raining a lot.
- ⑤ Down did the rain come.

8. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?⁸⁾

- ① Here comes he.
- ② Down fell the girl.
- ③ Away ran the dog.
- ④ Out came the bird.
- ⑤ Down came the rain.

9. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?⁹⁾

- ① Under the bridge was a kitten.
- ② On the top of the hill stood big trees.
- ③ Here comes the train.
- ④ Across the street a tall building stands.
- ⑤ On the kitchen table were tomatoes.

10. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?¹⁰⁾

- ① Out came they.
- ② There she goes.
- ③ Away flew my kite.
- ④ Up went the rocket.
- ⑤ Here comes the teacher.

11. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?¹¹⁾

- ① Into the darkness they disappeared.
- ② I opened the box, and out jumped a frog.
- ③ Here's the digital camera I said I'd lend you.
- ④ The cat was on the roof, but down came it.
- ⑤ In front of the store are a lot of motorcycles.

12. 다음 중 어법상 올바른 문장은?¹²⁾

- ① Here comes she.
- ② Over the tree fly the bird.
- ③ Here a foul ball comes! Catch it.
- ④ In the forest is two castles.
- ⑤ Away flew the bird.

13. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은? (단, 2개)¹³⁾

- ① At the bus stop stood an old man.
- ② In the basket was lots of apples.
- ③ Out of the car came a child.
- ④ Here are we at the airport.
- ⑤ Next to the desk is her bed.

14. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?¹⁴⁾

- ① Up went the rocket.
- ② Down the stairs she fell.
- ③ Among the crowd he stands.
- ④ Under the sofa two dogs are lying.
- ⑤ On the road were a number of cars.

15. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장은?¹⁵⁾

- ① There comes the bus.
- ② Here are you.
- ③ On the bench sat the man.
- ④ Down fell the burning plane.
- ⑤ There was somebody running to us.

16. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 것을 모두 고르면?¹⁶⁾

- (a) On the platform stood he.
- (b) Next to the tree she stood.
- (c) Down came a strange-looking man.
- (d) Through the town the band marched.
- (e) Beyond the houses lay a wide field.

- ① (a), (c) ② (a), (d) ③ (b), (c)
- ④ (b), (e) ⑤ (d), (e)

17. 다음 중 도치구문의 전환이 어색한 것은?¹⁷⁾

- ① A taxi comes here.
→ Here comes a taxi.
- ② The bird came out.
→ Out came the bird.
- ③ The rain comes down.
→ Down comes the rain.
- ④ The teacher comes here.
→ Here comes the teacher.
- ⑤ The dog ran away.
→ Away the dog ran.

18. 다음 중 도치된 문장으로 알맞은 것은?¹⁸⁾

- ① The lines are on the ball.
→ There are many lines on the ball.
- ② The dog came out from the basket.
→ From the dog came out the basket.
- ③ A group of men came along the street.
→ Along the street came a group of men.
- ④ The rocket went up to the sky.
→ To the sky went up the rocket.
- ⑤ Little water drops are outside the glass.
→ Outside the glass little water drops are.

19. 다음 문장의 밑줄 친 부분을 강조하여 문장을 다시 쓰시오. (단, 단어의 추가, 삭제, 변형 없이 어순만 바꿀 것)¹⁹⁾

(1) A beautiful day waits beyond the blue horizon.
→ _____

(2) He fell down.
→ _____

20. 다음 우리말을 주어진 단어로 끝나도록 어법상 바르게 영작하시오.²⁰⁾

그 소녀가 넘어졌다.

→ _____ girl.

21. 다음 괄호 안의 우리말과 같은 뜻이 되도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 넣어 대화를 완성하십시오.²¹⁾

A: Here _____!

(선생님 오신다!)

B: Let's get back to our seats.

→ Here _____.

22. 다음 우리말을 조건에 맞게 영작하십시오.²²⁾

유명한 여배우가 내 옆에 앉았다.

→ _____

<조건>

- next를 문두로 하여, "내 옆에"를 강조할 것
- 총 7단어로 문장을 완성할 것

23. 다음 주어진 문장에서 부사구를 강조하는 문장으로 다시 쓰시오.²³⁾

(1) A fireplace is next to the bookshelf.

→ _____

(2) He hid under the desk.

→ _____

24. 다음 <보기>의 단어들을 활용하여 주어진 단어로 시작하는 문장을 영작하십시오. (형태는 변형 가능)²⁴⁾

(1) 그 성 안에 한 아름다운 공주가 살았다.

→ In _____.

(주어진 단어 'In' 포함 7단어)

<보기> live / a / the

(2) 그녀는 계단 밑으로 떨어졌다.

→ Down _____.

(주어진 단어 'Down' 포함 5단어)

<보기> fall / she / stairs / the

25. 다음 우리말을 주어진 단어를 사용하여 바르게 영작하십시오.²⁵⁾

(1) 불[전기]가 모두 나가[꺼져] 버렸다. (go, light)

→ Out _____.

(2) 그 사무실은 3층에 있다.

→ On _____.

26. 다음 각 문장을 밑줄 친 부분을 강조하는 도치구문으로 바꾸어 쓰시오.²⁶⁾

(1)

A pet shop is next to the park.

→ Next _____.

(2)

A ball passed over my head.

→ Over _____.



Warm-up

- 1) where it is
- 2) what it is
- 3) where the post office is
- 4) when the movie starts
- 5) when it starts

Pattern 1

Part 1

- 1) where she is
- 2) whether
- 3) if
- 4) where the post office is
- 5) why she is happy
- 6) where I put the bag
- 7) what movie she wants to see
- 8) Who do you think
- 9) Who do you believe
- 10) think

Part 2

- 1) what your name is
- 2) where you are from
- 3) if[whether] you like it
- 4) how many brothers she has
- 5) what you are drinking
- 6) what her favorite food is
or what food she likes
- 7) if[whether] he likes his job
- 8) where he is from
- 9) when it starts
- 10) where my coat is
- 11) let you do

Part 3

- 1) what that sentence means
- 2) how I can get to your school
- 3) who broke the window
- 4) why he left here
- 5) where she lives
- 6) if[whether] you love Mike
- 7) how long I should wait

- 8) if[whether] you passed the exam
- 9) where Sora went yesterday
- 10) if[whether] he expresses himself in English
- 11) when the bank closes
- 12) why he is laughing
- 13) what made her so happy
- 14) why you didn't agree with him
- 15) how far it is from here to the airport
- 16) if[whether] she can swim
- 17) when the concert starts
- 18) what it means
- 19) if[whether] Kate met him yesterday
- 20) where Sara went
- 21) where I bought this cup
- 22) if[whether] there were many people at the park
- 23) if[whether] Kevin washed the dishes last night
- 24) which color Ross likes better
- 25) if[whether] it is important
- 26) how much it costs to park here
- 27) if[whether] he arrived at the airport on time
- 28) if[whether] she received my letter
- 29) how you solved the problem

Part 4

- 1) who made this cake
- 2) if[whether] she likes Paul
- 3) how much it will cost
- 4) why Sam left
- 5) what time the movie starts
- 6) where he came from
- 7) if[whether] it is cold outside
- 8) if[whether] you booked tickets for the concert

Part 5

- 1) What do you think he is making?
- 2) Do you know when he arrived?
- 3) Who do you believe is right?
- 4) I wonder how old your brother is.
- 5) Which do you think is the faster way to go there?
- 6) He wants to know when she arrived at home.
- 7) We can't predict if[whether] the weather is going to be fine.
- 8) I know what you did after school yesterday.
- 9) Do you know where he lives?
- 10) Can you tell me what Judy wants?
- 11) She asks me where Jackson lives.

- 12) Can you explain why you are late?
- 13) Who do you think will win the race?
- 14) Where do you guess you lost your camera?
- 15) Do you know when he went to travel?
- 16) How old do you think he is?
- 17) Where do you suppose he comes from?
- 18) When do you believe they left?
- 19) What do you think we should do to get out of here?
- 20) I wonder if[whether] Ms. Brown is my homeroom teacher.
- 21) I don't know if[whether] Susan has a digital camera.
- 22) I don't remember how Harry Potter got magical powers.
- 23) Why do you think Cathy went home early?
- 24) I'd like to know what kind of food you like.
- 25) Can you tell me how you became famous?
- 26) Please tell me what it is.
- 27) Who do you guess can solve the quiz?
- 28) Why do you think he moved to the country?
- 29) What time do you think he will leave?
- 30) Can you tell me what kind of music you like?
- 31) What action do you suppose we should take?
- 32) Do you know why he is waiting outside?
- 33) I wonder if[whether] he met his father.
- 34) I would like to know if[whether] Jane is coming to the party.
- 35) What do you think he wants to do?
- 36) Can you tell me who the girl is?
- 37) He doesn't know when the concert begins.
- 38) Please tell me if[whether] she lives here.
- 39) When do you think she left for Paris?
- 40) I want to know if[whether] the police officer caught the criminal.
- 41) I wonder if[whether] John called this morning.
- 42) What do you think you want to eat for dinner?
- 43) I want to know if[whether] Jane is in the office.

Part 6 _____

- 1) What do you think he has in his hand?
- 2) I don't know when the museum closes.
- 3) Do you know how much I should pay?
- 4) Please tell me who solved the problem.
- 5) I wonder if[whether] your group can finish the project.
- 6) I couldn't understand why he said like that.

- 7) Who do you believe broke the window?
- 8) I don't know where Hungary is.
- 9) She asked me when the show started.
- 10) Do you know how old Ann is?
- 11) I wonder why she left so soon.
- 12) Do you remember when you saw him last?
- 13) Tell me how tall you are.
- 14) Can you tell me when you will come back home?
- 15) I want to know what kinds of movies my sister likes.
- 16) Can you tell me if[whether] he likes me or not?
- 17) Could you tell me what I can do for you?
- 18) I don't know why he came back.
- 19) I'm not sure if[whether] the answer is correct.
- 20) Who do you think will win the game?
- 21) Do you know how long a giraffe lives?
- 22) Do you know who ate my cookies?
- 23) What do you believe the truth is?
- 24) She would like to know if[whether] Mr. Park went to work yesterday.
- 25) Please tell me if[whether] this is your first trip to Taiwan.

Part 7 _____

- 1) where she is
- 2) what time it is
- 3) what I like most
- 4) where it[the bus stop] is
- 5) what time it[the opening ceremony] starts
- 6) who she is
- 7) how much it is
- 8) why he is shouting so loudly
- 9) when dinner will be ready
- 10) where it[the post office] is
- 11) who cleaned your room
- 12) when it[the movie] starts
- 13) what subject she likes most
- 14) if[whether] she enjoys dancing

Part 8 _____

- 1) how I can fix the bike
- 2) when we will meet
- 3) why Mary got upset
- 4) where I left my camera
- 5) What do you think

- 6) Do you know when
- 7) whether the store is open
- 8) if it will rain
- 9) How do you think
- 10) what do you think
- 11) where I can find the bank
- 12) Who do you believe
- 13) When do you think
- 14) what is in the box

Part 9 _____

- 1) Do you know why the singer is popular?
- 2) Why do you think he teases you?
- 3) Why do you believe he failed?
- 4) How do you suppose the accident happened?
- 5) Why do you think he likes her?
- 6) I wonder if she will come to my birthday party.
- 7) What do you think they will talk about?
- 8) Who do you think the man in black is?
- 9) When do you think the happiest moment of your life will be?
- 10) She wonders if her friend will arrive on time.
- 11) I don't know what her phone number is.
- 12) No one knows for sure how flags first came about.
- 13) I wonder if my team can win the game.
- 14) Nuri wants to know if Molly likes a Teddy Bear.

Part 10 _____

- 1) Do you know what it is?
- 2) Do you want to know how this happens?
- 3) He asked me when the movie would start.
- 4) Please tell me where he lives.
- 5) I want to know what your hobbies are.
- 6) I don't know if[whether] he will come to the party.
- 7) I couldn't hear what he was saying.
- 8) I don't understand why they are angry.
- 9) No one knows where he went.
- 10) Do you know why scientists sent me to Mars?
- 11) The lady did not know who she was.
- 12) Tom wonders if[whether] he is 16 years old.
- 13) I wondered what his job was.
- 14) Do you know what a diplomat is?
- 15) What do you think is wrong with the man?
- 16) What do you think the problem is?
- 17) Tom wonders if[whether] Jane loves her brother.

- 18) She asked me how I got an A
- 19) You have to know what kind of person you are.
- 20) Do you know why she is late?
- 21) Can you tell me where my books are?
- 22) We wondered what our future might look like.
- 23) I'm not sure where I put the key.
- 24) I think about what I should do the next day
- 25) She wants to know if[whether] it is big and brown.
- 26) He doesn't know when Sujin is going to arrive
- 27) You need to ask yourself what you really like.

Actual Test

주관식 _____

- 1) what he did
- 2) when you will leave
- 3) Andy ate
- 4) Andy is
- 5) Andy likes
- 6) what you want to buy
- 7) the answer is correct
- 8) whether he liked her
- 9) who the boy is
- 10) where I can get a ticket
- 11) why you like the movie
- 12) when she goes back
- 13) how old you are
- 14) what your favorite sport is
- 15) how good your English is
- 16) what your favorite subject is
- 17) when[what time] the class starts
- 18) when[what time] the class ends
- 19) where the school is
- 20) what the closest station is
- 21) how long Karen[she] has lived here
- 22) where Kelly[she] is
- 23) how old the building[it] is
- 24) when Mr. Kim[he] will be here
- 25) Could you tell me where the restroom is?
- 26) They did not know where they should go.
- 27) Nobody knew who he was.
- 28) I wonder why Judy was late.
- 29) Let's ask him how he felt.
- 30) if[whether], her[Sora's]

: 의문사가 없는 간접의문문은 if나 whether를 사용하여 만든다. 주어진 대화에서 your eraser는

Sora's eraser를 가리키므로 소유격 her로 표현할 수 있다.

- 31) (1) Do you remember what the thief was wearing?
(2) Can you tell me what the thief was doing?
: (1) 동사 remember의 목적어 자리에 「의문사+주어+동사」 어순의 간접의문문을 사용한다.
(2) 동사 tell의 직접목적어 자리에 「의문사+주어+동사」 어순의 간접의문문을 사용한다.
- 32) (1) who the woman is
(2) what subject Lisa teaches
: (1) 미나는 보미가 묻는 여자가 누구인지 알고 대답하고 있으므로(That's Lisa. She is one of our school teachers.), '미나는 그 여자가 누구인지 안다.'는 의미의 Mina knows who the woman is.로 쓰는 것이 알맞다. knows의 목적어로 쓰인 간접의문문의 어순 「의문사+주어+동사」에 유의한다.
(2) 보미는 미나에게 Lisa가 어떤 과목을 가르치느냐고 묻고 있으므로(What subject does she teach?), '보미는 미나에게 Lisa가 어떤 과목을 가르치는지 묻는다.'의 의미의 Bomi asks Mina what subject Lisa teaches.로 쓰는 것이 알맞다. asks의 직접목적어로 쓰인 간접의문문의 어순 「의문사+주어+동사」에 유의한다.
- 33) if Inho is Korean
- 34) if she enjoyed the party last night
- 35) if it is going to rain
- 36) How long do you suppose it takes?
- 37) I wonder if[whether] he bought the red shirt.
- 38) Do you know when she visits the nursing home?
- 39) Where do you suppose the police caught the thief?
: 주절이 do you think[believe, guess, suppose, say, imagine]일 때는 「의문사+do you think+주어+동사」의 어순을 취해야 하므로, do you suppose앞에 의문사 where이 위치한다.
- 40) what music Minsu listens to
: tell의 목적어 자리에 쓰이는 간접의문문을 완성하는 문제로 의문사구인 what music, 주어인 Minsu, 동사 listens to로 답을 완성한다.
- 41) What do you think he wants?
: think동사가 사용되어 의문사 what은 문장 맨 앞에 위치한다.
- 42) (1) when happened it → when it happened
(2) what the thief wearing was → what the thief was wearing
(3) what was the thief doing → what the thief was doing

- 43) when she will meet a prince
- 44) where his princess is
- 45) how he can help Snow White
- 46) (1) where Jill is
(2) why you are looking for her
(3) what you mean
(4) When, she will come back
(5) if[whether] you would like coffee
: (1) know의 목적어로 쓰인 간접의문문으로 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
(2), (3) ask의 직접목적어로 쓰인 간접의문문으로 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
(4) 의문사가 쓰인 의문문(When will she come back?)이 생각 동사 suppose가 쓰인 문장(Do you suppose?) 안에 쓰일 경우, 의문사 When을 문두에 써야 한다.
(5) 의문사가 없는 의문문을 간접의문문으로 나타낼 때는 접속사 if[whether]를 사용한다.
- [해석]
- A: 안녕하세요, 혹시 (1) 지일이 어디 있는지 아나요?
B: 아뇨, 모르겠어요. (2) 왜 그녀를 찾는지 물어봐도 되나요?
A: 그럼요. 전 여기서 그녀를 보기로 되어 있어요.
B: 보지 못할 것 같네요.
A: (3) 무슨 말씀이신지 여쭙 봐도 되나요?
B: 그녀는 방금 전에 여길 떠났어요. 무언가 할 일이 있는 듯 했어요. 바빠 떠났죠.
A: 그녀가 (4) 언제 돌아올 거라 생각하세요?
B: 잘 모르겠어요. 그건 그렇고, (5) 커피를 드시고 싶으신지 궁금하네요.
A: 물론이죠.
- 47) what she bought
- 48) who he is
- 49) if I can use your computer
- 50) (1) where the story of Pinocchio began
(2) why Pinocchio's nose became longer
- 51) (1) what I should do
(2) I wonder if he is
- 52) (1) why you became an actor
(2) what your new movie is about
(3) if there's a father like him
- 53) I don't know how old he is.
- 54) Do you know what this is?
- 55) Do you know where Mi-na lives?
- 56) I don't know what Mr. Kim has.
- 57) Let me know if you finished the science report.
- 58) Please check if the copy machine needs paper.
- 59) I wonder how much this shirt costs.

- 60) Let's ask if[whether] this bus schedule is correct.
 61) what she does
 62) what you didn't do
 : regret의 목적어절로 간접의문문 「의문사+주어+동사」을 쓴다.
 63) (1) Do you know how old she is?
 (6) Let me know when he will start.
 : (1) 동사 know의 목적어로 「의문사+주어+동사」어순의 간접의문문이 위치해야 한다.
 (6) 동사 know의 목적어로 「의문사+주어+동사」어순의 간접의문문이 위치해야 한다.
 64) (1) I don't care what they are going to say.
 (2) It's time to see what I can do.
 : 「의문사+주어+동사」의 간접의문문 어순을 묻는 문제로, 모두 주어와 동사의 자리가 바뀌어 있다.

실전 Practice

- 1) ③: 의문문이 문장 안에 삽입될 때 '의문사+주어+동사'의 어순으로 이 된다.
 2) ⑤: know if they like their
 3) ①, ⑤
 : 의문사가 없는 간접의문문은 if나 whether를 사용한다.
 4) ③: think, believe, imagine, suppose의 동사의 경우 의문사가 문장의 처음에 온다.
 5) ②: When do you think he will arrive? 간접의문문의 기본 어순은 「의문사+주어+동사」이지만 think, believe, imagine, suppose 등의 동사의 경우 의문사가 문장의 처음에 오고 do you think가 의문사와 주어 사이에 온다.
 6) ③: 의문사가 없는 간접의문문에서는 접속사 if[whether]로 연결한다.
 7) ④: 빈칸에는 how she got이 들어가야 하며, 세 번째 빈칸에 해당하는 got이 정답이다.
 8) ④: → what he usually does on Saturdays
 의문사가 있는 간접의문문의 경우 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
 9) ④: 의문사가 있는 간접의문문의 경우 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
 10) ①: 「의문사+주어+동사」어순의 간접의문문이 적절하다.
 11) ②: 「의문사+주어+동사」어순의 간접의문문이 필요하고 이어지는 last night와 시제일치를 이루는 문장을 찾는다.
 12) ②, ④
 : 「의문사+주어+동사」어순의 간접의문문이 적절하다.
 13) ②: 의문사가 있는 간접의문문의 경우 「의문사+주어+동사」어순으로 쓴다.
 ⑤ 의문사가 없는 간접의문문의 경우 「if/whether+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
 14) ⑤: ← where I parked my car
 15) ④, ⑤
 : ④ → what she looks like
 ⑤ → how long you were here
 16) ②: 의문사가 있는 간접의문문의 경우 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
 17) ①: 의문사가 있는 간접의문문의 경우 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
 18) ①: 「의문사+주어+동사」어순의 간접의문문으로 된 문장이 정답이다.
 19) ①: Do you know의 목적어자리에 의문문이 오려면 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순이 와야 하므로 의문사 how다음에 동사 can이 이어지는 건 맞지 않다.
 20) ④: ④ We'd like to know how good your English is.
 21) ④: 「의문사+주어+동사」어순의 간접의문문이어야 하는데, 여기서 what은 의문사인 동시에 주어 역할을 한다. 동사는 단수(makes)로 일치시킨다.
 22) ⑤: 의문사가 있는 간접의문문의 경우 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
 23) ③: 의문사가 있는 간접의문문의 경우 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
 24) ②: 의문사를 포함하는 의문문이 독립적으로 쓰이지 않고, 다른 문장의 일부로 쓰이는 것을 간접의문문이라 한다. '의문사+주어+동사'의 어순으로 쓴다.
 25) ③: 의문사가 있는 간접의문문의 경우 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
 26) ②: if는 의문사가 없는 간접의문문을 이끌어 「if[whether+주어+동사」의 형태로 '~인지 아닌지'의 뜻을 가진다.
 27) ③: 간접의문문으로 「if/whether+주어+동사」의 어순으로 써야 한다. 주절의 시제가 과거이므로 과거동사를 사용한다.
 28) ②: 의문사가 있는 간접의문문의 경우 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓰고 제시된 현재 시제에 맞춰 영작한다.
 29) ⑤: → I wonder who broke the cup.
 30) ③: 의문사가 있는 간접의문문의 경우 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓰고 제시된 현재 시제에 맞춰 영작한다.
 31) ①: 의문사가 있는 간접의문문의 경우 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓰고 제시된 현재 시제에 맞춰 영작한다.

- 32) ②: 일반 의문문이 동사 know의 목적어 역할을 하므로, 「의문사+주어+동사」의 간접의문문 어순으로 온다.
- 33) ④: 간접의문문을 만들 때, 의문사가 있는 경우에는 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓰며 일반동사일 때는 조동사 do/does/did는 없앤다.
- 34) ④: 의문사가 없는 문장을 간접의문문으로 만들기 위해서 「if/whether+주어+동사」어순으로 써주면 된다.
- 35) ②: Can you tell me 다음에 「의문사+주어+동사」어순으로 where does he live를 간접의문문으로 만든 문장이 정답이다.
- 36) ③: 간접의문문을 만들 때, 의문사가 있는 경우에는 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓰며 일반동사일 때는 조동사 do/does/did는 없앤다.
- 37) ③: 간접의문문을 만들 때, 주절에 think, believe, suppose, guess, imagine 등과 같이 생각이나 추측을 나타내는 동사가 오면 의문사는 문장의 맨 앞에 위치하며 수일치와 시제일치에 주의한다.
- 38) ②: ① I want to know. + How did she get there?
→ I want to know how she got there?
③ Do you know? + Which subject does Andy like?
→ Do you know which subject Andy likes?
④ Ask her. + What made her want to teach English?
→ Ask her what made her want to teach English?
⑤ I'd like to know. + What music is Minsu listening to?
→ I'd like to know what music Minsu is listening to.
- 39) ⑤: go → went
- 40) ③: → Tell me where I can wash my hands.
- 41) ③: Do you suppose who ate → Who do you suppose ate
- 42) ①: shouldn't have played → should have played
- 43) ②: if[whether] 나머지는 what
- 44) ⑤: ← 접속사 that
- 45) ②: '만약 ~라면,' 나머지는 '~인지 아닌지'
- 46) ②: '만약 ~라면,' 나머지는 '~인지 아닌지'
- 47) ②: '만약 ~라면,' 나머지는 '~인지 아닌지'
- 48) ①: ①번의 if는 명사절을 이끌어 '~인지 아닌지'의 뜻을 나타낸다. 나머지 보기의 if는 부사절을 이끌고 있다.
- 49) ③: 관계대명사, 나머지는 간접의문문
- 50) ①: ② → what his name is

- ③ comes → come
- ④ → how old he is
- ⑤ → if[whether] he has dog
- 51) ③: what did she do → what she did
- 52) ③: ① → if anyone saw you
② → how old Bulguksa is
④ → what that means
⑤ → what you are drinking
- 53) ③: → what he ate for dinner
- 54) ④: ① what do you want → what you want
② when will she come → when she will come
③ makes → make(선행사가 복수[students]이므로)
⑤ who → which[that]
- 55) ②: → where you are from
- 56) ⑤: ① how old is he → how old he is
② where is she → where she is
③ did he become → he became
④ did it take → it took
- 57) ⑤: who are you → who you are
- 58) ③: ① → I wondered what his job is.
② → The man wants to know how he helps[how to help] Snow White.
④ → The prince is curious about where the princess is.
⑤ → Snow White wonders when she will meet a prince.
- 59) ③: → Where do you think we should go?
- 60) ⑤: ① → Do you know how far the hotel is?
② → Can you tell me where the man is?
③ → Where do you think Jane met Mr. Han?
④ → Can you tell me when the store will open?
- 61) ③: how much is it → how much it is
- 62) ②: ① → Can you tell me where the bank is?
③ → I need to know what you did last night.
④ → I asked Jane how she got to the station.
⑤ → Please tell me what time the bank opens?
- 63) ④: how I was old → how old I was
- 64) ①: ② → I wonder how much it will cost.
③ → Do you know where Tom has gone?
④ → Can you tell me what time the movie begins?
⑤ → I don't understand why she left so early.

- 65) ⑤: → Can you tell me what your new movie is about?
- 66) ③: ① → if the answer is correct
 ② 주절이 do you think / believe / guess / suppose / say / imagine일 때는 「의문사+do you+생각동사+주어+동사」의 어순을 취해야 하므로, 의문사 where는 맨 앞으로 위치해야 한다.
 ④ 간접의문문의 어순에 따라 주어가 먼저 시작되어 I'd like to know whether she can drive a car.가 맞는 문장이다.
 ⑤ → Who do you think will (think, believe 등의 동사가 사용된 경우 의문사가 문장 맨 앞에 위치함)
- 67) ①: know의 목적어 자리에 간접의문문이 위치했으므로 「의문사+주어+동사」 어순이 되어야 한다. what color it is로 고쳐야 한다.
- 68) ③: ① that → if[whether]
 ② hold → be held
 ④ that → if[whether]
 ⑤ should I → I should
- 69) ④: what is the problem → what the problem is
- 70) ④: ① where is Anne → where Anne is
 ② → When do you think he will come back? (주절의 동사에 think, believe, suppose, imagine이 올 때는 간접의문문의 의문사가 문장 맨 앞으로 온다)
 ③ mean → means
 ⑤ can I get → I can get
- 71) ⑤: how could he get → how he could get
- 72) ④: who your parents' are best friends → who your parents' best friends are
- 73) ②: I wonder how he gets much money from his parents.가 올바른 문장이다.
- 74) ①, ③
 : ① does he put → he puts
 ③ When do you know → Do you know when
- 75) ⑤: ① → What do you think the answer is?
 ② → He has no idea how far it is from here.
 ③ → She asked me if Lynn had a dictionary.
 ④ → Can you tell me how high the prices are?
- 76) ②, ④
 : ② → What do you think we should do to help them?
 ④ → Who do you believe broke my cell phone?
- 77) ③, ⑤

- : ① where were you → where you were
 ② who did draws → who drew
 ④ why is she → why she is
- 78) ④, ⑤
 : ④ → When do you think he will come back? (주절의 동사에 think, believe, suppose, imagine 이 올 때는 간접의문문의 의문사가 문장 맨 앞으로 온다.)
 ⑤ → Could you tell me when he arrived home? (간접의문문 어순-의문사+주어+동사)
- 79) ③, ⑤
 : ① how that girl is old → how old that girl is
 ② what did you see → what you saw ④ did Minh return → Minh returned
- 80) ③, ⑤
 : ③ → What do you think his name is? (주절의 동사가 think, imagine, believe 등일 경우 간접의문문의 의문사가 문장의 맨 앞에 위치한다.)
 ⑤ → Do you know where she comes from?
- 81) ①, ④
 : ② 주절의 동사가 think가 사용된 문장에서의 간접의문문은 의문사(who)가 문장 맨 앞으로 나가야 한다. Who do you think will be his new partner?가 옳은 문장이다.
 ③ I'm wondering whether he is at home now.가 옳은 문장이다.
 ⑤ I'm curious about what you did during summer vacation.이 올바른 문장이다.
- 82) ②, ⑤
 : ② Do you suppose how far → How far do you suppose
 ⑤ He wondered what makes a noise like that? → He wondered what made a noise like that?
- 83) ①, ⑤
 : ① where is he → where he is
 ⑤ did happened → happened
- 84) ③, ④
 : ① do you know의 목적어 자리에 오는 간접의문문의 형태이므로 Do you know what movie she wants to see?가 맞다.
 ② how는 의문부사로 hard를 수식해야하므로 The students knows how hard it is to be a scientist가 맞다.
 ⑤ 주절이 do you think / believe / guess / suppose / say / imagine일 때는 「의문사+do you+생각동사+주어+동사」의 어순을 취해야 하

므로 Which one do you think is smarter, a dog or a dolphin?이 맞는 표현이다.

- 85) ①
- 86) ④: 주절에 think, believe, suppose, guess, imagine 등과 같이 생각이나 추측을 나타내는 동사가 오면 의문사는 문두에 위치한다.
- 87) ②: ㉞ what time was it → what time it was
㉟ 간접의문문이므로 Please tell me what I should do.의 형태가 되어야 한다.
- 88) ⑤: ㉞ → Let me know how much one slice of cheese is.
㉟ Do you think who will → Who do you think will
㊱ how giraffes live long → how long giraffes live
㊲ when did you see him last → when you saw him last
㊳ scaring → scared
- 89) ①: (A) did you lose → you lost
(B) is she doing → she is doing
(C) did the window break → broke the window
(D) who your children's are best friends → who your children's best friends are
(F) what → if[whether]
(G) did your parents sleep → your parents slept
- 90) ③: ㉠ who is she → who she is
㉡ eat → ate or eats
- 91) ③: ㉠ how 이하는 tell의 직접목적어로 쓰인 간접의문문이므로 「의문사(how)+주어(Tom)+동사(is)」의 어순으로 써야 한다.
㉢ 의문사 의문문(What should he do?)이 생각 동사 think가 쓰인 문장(Do you think?)의 간접의문문으로 쓰일 경우에는 의문사 What을 문두에 써야 한다.
㉤ 간접의문문에서 의문사(who)가 주어 역할을 할 때는 의문사 뒤에 바로 동사(broke)가 온다. the window는 broke의 목적어이므로 그 뒤에 위치시킨다.
- 92) ②: ㉠ what did Minho do → what Minho did
㉡ the movie start → the movie starts 주어가 the movie이므로 동사에 3인칭 단수동사를 쓴다.
㉢ Do you think who → Who do you think
- 93) ③: (A) Do you think why → Why do you think
(B) where did you go → where you went
(D) What do you know → Do you know

what

(E) did the accident happen → the accident happened,

- 94) ①: (a) that → if[whether] ~인지 아닌지
(d) who did drew this → who drew this
(f) Do you think why → Why do you think (주절의 동사에 think, believe, suppose, imagine등이 올 때는 간접의문문의 의문사가 문장 맨 앞으로 온다.)
- 95) ④: ㉞ 주어인 she에 맞춰 3인칭 단수동사 wants가 와야 한다.
㉟ 의문사 what이 do you think앞에 위치해야하므로 What do you think I can do for you?가 맞는 표현이다.
㊱ know의 목적어절로 「의문사+주어+동사」어순의 간접의문문이 와야하므로 The woman wants to know how much it is.가 맞는 표현이다.
- 96) ②: ㉞ → What do you suppose made him come here?
㉟ → I don't really know when the class is over.
㊱ how did she help me often → how often she helped me
㊲ Do you think why → Why do you think
- 97) ④: ㉡ Do you imagine what → What do you imagine
㉢ meets → met
㉤ Do you suppose what time → What time do you suppose
㉥ Where do you know → Do you know where
- 98) (3) how much they cost
(5) she should not have bought them at that time.
: (3) ask의 목적어로 「의문사+주어+동사」어순의 간접의문문이 위치해야 한다.
(5) 과거에 사지 말았어야 했다라는 후회의 표현이므로 should not have p.p 표현이 알맞다.
- 99) the movie starts
: when 이하는 know의 목적어 역할을 하는 간접의문문으로, '주어(the movie)+동사(starts)'의 어순으로 쓴다.
- 100) when we will meet
: 간접의문문으로 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순이 되도록 배열한다.
- 101) Do you know when the film begins?
102) how long it takes from here to the library

- : 동사 know의 목적어 자리에 「의문사+주어+동사」어순의 간접의문문을 사용하여 영작해준다.
- 103) what time Kevin goes to the library
: know의 목적어절로 「의문사+주어+동사」의 간접의문문 어순으로 쓴다. what은 의문형용사로 time을 꾸며주어 의문사 자리에 함께 쓴다.
- 104) how I get to
: tell의 직접목적어 자리에 간접의문문인 「의문사+주어+동사」의 형태로 쓴다.
- 105) how you studied math
: 동사 tell의 직접목적어 자리에 간접의문문의 형태로 쓰라고 했으므로 「의문사+주어+동사」의 형태로 쓴다.
- 106) (1) where I put
(2) what food, wants to eat
(3) if[whether] you can
: 의문사가 없는 간접의문문은 「if/whether+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓰며, 의문사가 있는 간접의문문 「의문사+주어+동사」을 쓴다.
- 107) how much it is
: 동사 asks의 목적어 자리이므로 「의문사+주어+동사」어순의 how much it is가 사용되었다.
- 108) (1) when the library opens
(2) how I can get there quickly
: 간접의문문 어순에 따라 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순을 지킨다.
- 109) (1) where Tom is
(2) how long it took you to finish it
- 110) (1) who broke the window
(2) what color the bag is
: (1) know의 목적어로 쓰인 간접의문문을 쓰는 문제이므로, 주어진 의문문을 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 써야 한다. 여기서 is 의문사 Who가 주어 역할을 하므로 의문사 뒤에 바로 동사(broke)가 온다.
(2) wonder의 목적어로 쓰인 간접의문문을 쓰는 문제이므로, 주어진 의문문을 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 써야 한다. 여기서 What color는 하나로 묶어 생각해야 한다.
- 111) (1) why Alex was late for school
(2) if[whether] there is a bank near here
: (1) know의 목적어자리에 간접의문문을 쓰며, 의문사가 있는 간접의문문은 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
(2) know의 목적어자리에 간접의문문을 쓰며, 의문사가 없는 간접의문문은 「if/whether+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
- 112) (1) if[whether]

- (2) where the station is
(3) what time the movie starts
: 의문사가 없는 간접의문문은 「if/whether+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓰며, 의문사가 있는 간접의문문 「의문사+주어+동사」을 쓴다.
- 113) Where do you think you lost your umbrella?
: think, believe등이 사용된 문장에서 간접의문문을 만들 경우 의문사(when)가 문장 맨 앞으로 위치해야 한다.
- 114) (1) where you are from?
(2) what she ate last night?
: 의문문을 간접의문문으로 고치기 위해서 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순을 취해야 한다. 또한 의문문 시제가 과거(did)이면 간접의문문에서도 동사를 과거형(ate)으로 써주는 것에 유의한다.
- 115) (1) What does he like?
(2) Do you know if[whether] there is a bakery?
: (1) 직접의문문은 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
(2) 의문사가 없는 문장의 간접의문문이므로 「if/whether+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
- 116) if[whether] Sumi won the English speech contest
: 의문사가 없는 간접의문문은 「if/whether+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓰며 목적어절의 시제가 과거이므로 won을 쓴다.
- 117) (1) if[whether] it is sunny in Japan
(2) his name is
: (1) 의문사가 없는 문장의 간접의문문이므로 「if/whether+주어+동사」의 어순으로 써준다.
(2) 동사 know의 목적어 자리에 「의문사+주어+동사」어순의 간접의문문을 사용하여 영작해준다.
- 118) (1) you tell me where he lives
(2) What do you think he spoke to the teacher
: (1) 「의문사+주어+동사」어순의 간접의문문이 되도록 영작한다.
(2) 주절에 think같은 동사가 사용되면 의문사(what)는 문장 맨 앞으로 위치하게 된다.
- 119) (1) where the post office is
(2) how much it is
: 간접의문문의 어순 「의문사+주어+동사」에 맞추어 know의 목적어 자리에 위치한다.
- 120) (1) Do you know who he is?
(2) Who do you think he is?
: (1) 동사 know의 목적어 자리에 「의문사+주어+동사」어순으로 간접의문문을 만든다.
(2) 주절의 동사가 think이므로 의문사 who는 문장 맨 앞으로 나간다.

- 121) (1) what he is drinking
 (2) if[whether] she had lunch
 (3) when the school sports day will be
 (4) if[whether] he likes hiking
- 122) (1) how you got an A
 (2) if[whether] he is married
 (3) when she will arrive
 : (1) tell의 직접목적어로 쓰인 간접의문문은 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다. 과거 시제의 의문문이었음을 고려하여 주어 뒤에 got으로 쓴다.
 (2) 의문사가 없는 의문문을 간접의문문으로 나타낼 때는 접속사 if[whether]를 사용한다.
 (3) know의 목적어로 쓰인 간접의문문은 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
- 123) (1) I want to know when your birthday is.
 (2) I don't know what he wants.
- 124) (1) Do you know how much your parents love you?
 (2) I don't know if[whether] you like doughnut.
- 125) (1) Do you understand why she cried?
 (2) How long do you think it takes to get to the airport?
 : (1) 동사 understand의 목적어 자리에 「의문사+주어+동사」 어순의 간접의문문을 사용하여 영작한다.
 (2) think동사가 사용되어 의문사 how long은 문장 맨 앞에 위치한다.
- 126) (1) what you do here
 (2) will not be able to talk
 : (1) explain의 목적어로 쓰인 간접의문문은 「의문사+주어+동사」의 어순으로 쓴다.
 (2) be able to의 미래시제는 will be able to이며 조동사 will 뒤에 not을 붙여 부정형을 만든다.
- 127) (1) Do you know how long it takes?
 (2) Can you tell me where he lives?
 (3) I don't know if[whether] he likes traveling.
- 128) (1) Do you know what time it is now?
 (2) Have you decided when you will leave Seoul?
 (3) Can you tell me how you solved the problems?
- 129) Does he know which restaurant you booked
 : 의문문의 문장으로 영작하되, know의 목적어절로 간접의문문 「의문사+주어+동사」를 쓴다. which는 의문형용사로 restaurant를 꾸며주어 의문사 자리에 함께 쓴다.
- 130) I don't know what he bought yesterday.
 131) who the prettiest woman in the world is

- : 동사 wondered의 목적어 자리에 「의문사+주어+동사」 어순의 간접의문문을 사용하여 영작한다.
- 132) Tell me why you stayed up late last night.
 : 동사 Tell의 직접목적어 자리에 간접의문문 어순인 「의문사+주어+동사」가 사용되었다.
- 133) (1) Who did you think she was?
 (2) Do you know what happened?
 : (1) Did you think?와 Who was she? 두 문장을 간접의문문을 사용하여 하나의 문장으로 쓴다. 의문사 의문문이 생각동사 think의 간접의문문으로 쓰일 경우, 의문사 Who가 문두에 쓰여야 한다.
 (2) Do you know?와 What happened? 두 문장을 간접의문문을 사용하여 하나의 문장으로 쓴다. 여기서 What은 주어 역할도 하므로, What 다음에 동사가 바로 이어진다.
- 134) (1) I'd like to know where you live now.
 (2) Please tell me what kind of food you like.
 (3) Can you tell me how you became famous?
- 135) (1) if[whether] she has been to the new Italian restaurant
 (2) that the restaurant is the greatest in town or that it's the greatest restaurant in town
 (3) what makes him say that

Warm-up

- 1) 도치문
- 2) 일반문
- 3) 도치문
- 4) 도치문
- 5) 도치문
- 6) 일반문
- 7) 도치문
- 8) a little boy
- 9) the inspector
- 10) a gift shop
- 11) the students
- 12) your seat
- 13) A bookshop
- 14) your coffee
- 15) a teahouse
- 16) A box of chocolates

Pattern 2

Part 1

- 1) comes the bus
- 2) goes the bus

- 3) comes the bride
- 4) comes
- 5) it is
- 6) come
- 7) we go
- 8) went the girl
- 9) he comes
- 10) is the postman
- 11) she goes
- 12) was the homeless person
- 13) Our train goes
- 14) lived a famous judge
- 15) he is
- 16) was a tree
- 17) stood Tom

Part 2 _____

- 1) comes the bus
- 2) she goes
- 3) came a rabbit
- 4) go balloons
- 5) stood a church
- 6) was a nice cafe
- 7) is my number
- 8) rolled the ball
- 9) hid her dog
- 10) your right is the art museum
- 11) a beach umbrella sat my family
- 12) the doorway stood my father
- 13) the table is a picture of my family
- 14) the bookstore and the bank she is
- 15) Down came the rain.
- 16) Away flew the birds.
- 17) At the end of the road is my house.
- 18) Onto the stage they came.
- 19) Up into the sky rose the airplane.
- 20) Down the street walked the policeman.
- 21) front of the house he was standing

Part 3 _____

- 1) comes he → he comes
- 2) out the toy came → out came the toy
- 3) Judy is → is Judy
- 4) our teacher comes → comes our teacher
- 5) walked he → he walked
- 6) is it → it is
- 7) an old castle stood → stood an old castle

- 8) our guests come → come our guests
- 9) was → were
- 10) are they → they are
- 11) a big house is → is a big house
- 12) is → are

Part 4 _____

- 1) the table was the letter
- 2) comes the teacher
- 3) fell the girl
- 4) comes the man
- 5) the street he walked
- 6) went the rocket
- 7) stood an old church
- 8) his name was the picture
- 9) goes our train
- 10) the doorstep was a bunch of flowers
- 11) was sitting a girl
- 12) lived a poor blacksmith
- 13) stood a beautiful lady

Part 5 _____

- 1) Here comes the truck.
- 2) Here he comes.
- 3) There they come.
- 4) Here come two buses.
- 5) Here comes the 119 to rescue us!
- 6) came the rain
- 7) Here are the three winners.
- 8) the drawer sat a cat
- 9) On the platform stood an old woman.
- 10) came the sun through the clouds
- 11) the hill stands the hotel
- 12) Behind the museum is the school I go to.
- 13) the table lay a newspaper

Actual Test

주관식 _____

- 1) On the wall is a picture of an old man.
- 2) Out came the sun.
- 3) Behind the door she hid.
- 4) Up went the rocket.
- 5) In the room was a white closet.
- 6) Next to the house stand three big trees.
- 7) Along the road came children in yellow dresses.
- 8) Behind my school was a large mountain.
- 9) Around the corner went the teacher.

- 10) came the dog
- 11) the table hid the cat
- 12) Out of the car came an old woman.
- 13) From around the corner appeared a big green monster.
- 14) Between the hospital and the bank is my house.
- 15) Next to the park he stood.
- 16) On the hill stood Peter.
- 17) Out of the house ran people.
- 18) Across the river she swam.
- 19) comes the teacher
- 20) fell the girl
- 21) ran the dog

실전 Practice

- 1) ③: 의미를 강조하기 위해 부사구를 문장 앞에 보내는 경우 「부사(구)+동사+주어(명사)」 순으로 쓴다.
- 2) ③: 부사(구)를 강조하기 위해서 문두에 쓰는 경우 어순은 「부사(구)+동사+주어(명사)」가 된다.
- 3) ①, ③: 방향의 부사구가 문두로 나와 강조될 때는 「부사(구)+동사+주어(명사)」의 어순이 된다.
- 4) ④: 장소를 강조하기 위해 부사구를 문장 앞으로 보낼 때는 「부사(구)+동사+주어(명사)」순으로 쓴다.
- 5) ④: 방향 또는 장소의 부사(구)가 강조를 위해 문장의 맨 앞에 오면 주어와 동사의 위치가 바뀐다.
- 6) ④: 부사구를 강조하기 위해서는 문두로 이동시키며, 그때 주어와 동사는 도치된다.
- 7) ③: 방향을 강조하는 표현을 문장 맨 앞에 쓸 때는 주어와 동사의 순서를 바꾼다. 단, 주어가 대명사인 경우 「방향을 나타내는 부사(구)+주어+동사」 순으로 쓴다.
- 8) ①: 부사구가 앞으로 나와도 주어가 대명사(he)인 경우 도치가 일어나지 않으므로 Here he comes.로 써야 한다.
- 9) ④: 부사(구)를 강조하기 위해서 문두에 쓰는 경우 어순은 「부사(구)+동사+주어(명사)」가 된다.
- 10) ①: 부사구가 앞으로 나와도 주어가 대명사(they)인 경우 도치가 일어나지 않으므로 Out they came.으로 써야 한다.
- 11) ④: came it → it came (대명사일 때는 도치하지 않는다.)
- 12) ⑤: ① comes she → she comes
② fly → flies
③ a foul ball comes → comes a foul ball
④ is → are
- 13) ②, ④: ② was → were, ④ are we → we are

- 14) ④: 장소부사구가 문두에 쓰인 도치 구문으로 동사와 주어가 서로 위치를 바꿔 Under the sofa are lying two dogs.로 쓰인다.
- 15) ②: are you → you are (대명사일 때는 도치하지 않는다.)
- 16) ②: (a) stood he → he stood (주어가 대명사일 때는 도치가 일어나지 않는다) (d) the band marched → marched the band.
- 17) ⑤: 방향 또는 장소를 나타내는 부사(구)가 강조를 위해 문장의 맨 앞에 오면 「부사(구)+동사+주어(명사)」 순으로 쓴다.
- 18) ③: 부사구를 강조하기 위해 문장 맨 앞에 쓰는 경우는 「부사(구)+동사+주어(명사)」로 쓴다.
- 19) (1) Beyond the blue horizon waits a beautiful day.
(2) Down he fell.
: (1) 부사구를 강조하기 위해 맨 앞으로 옮기고 주어와 동사는 도치시킨다.
(2) 부사를 강조하기 위해 맨 앞에 쓰고 주어가 대명사이므로 도치는 일어나지 않는다.
- 20) Down fell the
: 주어(girl)가 맨 뒤에 있으므로 부사구 도치가 일어난 문장으로 영작한다.
- 21) comes the teacher
: 부사인 here가 맨 앞에 있으므로 주어와 동사는 도치시켜서 빈칸을 채운다.
- 22) Next to me sat a famous actress.
- 23) (1) Next to the bookshelf is a fireplace.
(2) Under the desk he hid.
- 24) (1) In the castle lived a beautiful princess.
(2) Down the stairs she fell.
: (1) 주어진 단어로 보아 장소 부사구가 문두에 쓰인 도치 구문이다. 따라서 주어 a beautiful princess와 동사 lived의 위치를 서로 바꿔 쓴다.
(2) 주어진 단어로 보아 방향 부사구가 문두에 쓰인 도치 구문이나, 인칭대명사는 동사와 위치가 바뀌지 않으므로, 주어를 그대로 동사 앞에 쓴다.
- 25) (1) went all the lights
(2) the third floor is the office
: (1) 'All the lights went out.'에서 부사 out을 강조하기 위해 문장의 맨 앞에 썼으므로, 주어와 동사의 위치를 바꾸면 된다.
*go out (불이나 전깃불이) 꺼지다[나가다]
(2) 원래 문장은 'The office is on the third floor.'인데, 맨 앞에 on이 있으므로 부사구 'on the third floor'를 문장 맨 앞에 쓴 후 주어와 동사의 순서를 바꾼다.
- 26) (1) to the park is a pet shop
(2) my head passed a ball

